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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.,
In the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Laugh a Little Bit.

Here's a motto just your fit—
Laugh a little bit.
When you think you're trouble hit,
Laugh a little bit.
Look misfortune in the face,
Brave the beldam's rude grimace;
Ten to one t'will yield its place,
If you have the wit and grit
Just to laugh a little bit.

Cherish this as sacred writ—
Laugh a little bit,
Keep it with you, sample it,
Little ills will sure betide you,
Fortune may not sit beside you,
Men may mock and fame deride you,
But you'll mind them not a whit
If you laugh a little bit.
—J. L. V. COOKE, in Cheerful Moments.

Something Did Happen.

BY HELEN W. PIERSON.

Aunt Selah hustled about the kitchen, setting out butter, sugar and flour on the table, and keeping an eye on the stove, where a clear fire was burning. It was a warm June day and the heat was intense, but Aunt Selah did not feel it. Her dusky face, which was as wrinkled as a dried persimmon, showed some anxiety as she peered out of the door now and then.

"Ef dat ahin de beateness chile," she muttered. "How I gwine to mek dat yer buffday cake outen no aiggs; an' it's a half hour by de clock sence Missy went a-huntin' dem yer iggs.

Just then a slender hazel-eyed girl, with her gold-brown curls flying in the wind, rode up to the little white gate, which opened into the neglected garden. She jumped down from her pony with wondrous agility, and cried out: "Here they are, Aunt Selah; I didn't break one."

"A ridin' bar-back jess lak a circuss gal," signed Aunt Selah as she took the eggs. "An' dis yo' fifteenth buffday, too! Yo's 'mos a young lady—an' how yo' gwine ter git manners out yer in dis wilderness is wut I'se studyin' 'bout."

"Oh, we'll never mind that now," cried Elsie, her cheeks glowing and her eyes like stars. "Perhaps I'll get papa to by that little book called 'Don't' and then I'll know everything that I'm not to do. But I do want something out of the way to happen *today because it is my birthday* and birthdays ought not to be just like other days. Only nothing ever does happen——"

"Dohn yo' go a-heavin' ob yoseff in de face ob Providence," said Aunt Selah as she briskly whipped up the eggs. "He tek car' ob de widowless an' orphanless an' gib dem meat in due season."

"But I want chicken today," laughed Elsie. Then the laugh seemed suddenly frozen on her lips, for she saw coming in at the gate, her father supported by the hired man Joe, and looking ghastly pale.

"Dar now, I yerd de squinch owl squinch las' night," cried Aunt Selah as she ran out. "I recknoed some bad luck boun' be sent."

Elsie felt helpless for a moment. Then she also flew to her father's side.

"It's nothing bad, dearie," he said, seeing her frightened face. "Only a sprain. Aunt Selah will fix me up all right, don't fret."

"Dellaw! I reckon I kin doctor a sprained ankle," said Aunt Selah, 'but yo' boun' ter stay on yer back for a week. I tell yo' pintedly. Yo' sholy will."

"That's the worst of it," groaned Mr. Carter, as they helped him to his room. "Elsie, my dear," he whispered, as soon as he was laid on his bed and Aunt Selah had gone for some "fomentin' sperits," "there's something you must do for me now that I cannot do it myself."

"Gladly, dear papa. What is it?" and Elsie leaned down to hear the commission.

"You know there's a mortgage of $500 on this farm," he replied struggling, evidently with a good deal of pain as he spoke. "Si Bangs has suddenly called for the money. The fact is he'd like to get hold of the property. He thinks he has got me in a tight place and that I can't raise the money. But I have got it safe here and I want it put in the bank at Brandon before three o'clock. I don't want to keep it in the house over night in this lonely place. You can carry it dearie. You don t mind a ten-mile ride?"

"Of course I don't, but I hate to leave you."

"Oh, I'm all right; Aunt Selah is a famous nurse. Here's the money in this pocketbook. It's all in twenty dollar bills. I've had hard work getting it together, but I've saved our home. I'd like to see Si Bangs' mean face when he gets it. He thought he was putting the screws on just at the right time. You had better go right away, my pet."

Elsie took the well-worn pocketbook and then leaned down to kiss her father. Her sunny face had grown serious. She felt that she had an important work to do. "My birthday will not be like other days, after all," she said as she mounted the pony. This time she used the pretty side-saddle her father had given her for a birthday gift.

"How gay the prairie flowers look," she thought as she rode along, "and all the leaves seem to be merrily dancing. But I'm rather lonesome somehow! I wonder how it would seem to have a real birthday party—with lots of girls dressed up in pretty frocks—and boys in their best suits and on their best behavior. I really believe I wouldn't know how to talk to them unless they cared for birds and flowers and horses—as I do—Topsey, you're too gay this morning. Perhaps you've found out it's my birthday, but you needn't try to stand on your head by way of celebrating it." The shining black pony seemed to feel his oats that day or else there was something uncommonly exhilarating in the air, for he raced along at a great pace, and now and then appeared to have a notion of stopping for a little dance. When Elsie had gone half way to Brandon she saw a man on horseback about a hundred yards in advance of her. "He seems to have come up suddenly out of the ground," she said to herself, and as she said it the horseman stopped and was apparently waiting for her.

"He's a stranger, perhaps, and wants so inquire the way," thought Elsie, without fear.

The man had been riding hard and looked as though he had also been drinking hard. A thatch of black tangled hair showed beneath an old cloth cap. He wore a red flannel shirt and a pair of clay-colored corduroy trousers that were stuffed into high boots. His face was sallow and his eyes black and bloodshot.

The spot was a lonely one. There was not a habitation in sight.

He did not speak a word till Elsie had reached his side. Even then he caught her bridle silently turning her horse about and bringing her to a full stop!

One look into the sodden face, with its cruel, black, bloodshot eyes, made the young girl tremble.

"I've been a-waitin' for you," said the man hoarsely; "fork over that there money! No shinanygin."

The trees seemed spinning about her. The sun seemed suddenly blotted out in the sky. Then strange fiery flashes made queer figures in the blackness!

Elsie had never fainted in her life, but soul and sense seemed to swoon away as she saw the man holding a pistol near her head and heard in a voice that appeared to be a long way off, 'Quick—the oof. If I shoot you first I can get it without trouble, but I always was too soft-hearted. The oofty-oof, I say."

"Oh!" gasped Elsie, with a chill at her heart, "what is it you want?"

"I want the $300 that your dad got today. I was a-watchin' him, though he didn't know it, and I heard him say he was a-goin' to bank it. So I borrers a horse from a pal and waits for him here. But you've come'stead of him. Werry good. But as bankin' is a disgustin' way of takin' care of money jest hand it over to me. Come, be quick; the shino-spoondulicks—the ducats. I'll give you five seconds an' then, if you don't give it I'll take it."

"One! Five seconds, remember!"

A great pulse seemed to beat from the crown of Elsie's head to her feet.

"Two!"

The ground was rising up like the waves of a sea, green waves that——

"Three!"

With a sudden inspiration Elsie took the great, old-fashioned pocketbook out of her pocket, and before the man could divine her purpose she had flung it as far away as possible.

With an oath he released her bridle, larched from his saddle, dropping his pistol as he did so, and staggered away in search of it.

Elsie gave Topsey a sharp blow, and he, not being accustomed to such treatment, sprang off at an astounding pace. More than that, in flinging out his heels he had struck the thief's horse, which immediately took that as a challenge for a race, and the clatter of his hoofs instigated Topsey to madder speed. Elsie caught her breath. She felt as if she were on a flying machine or in the van of a locomotive, but she clung fast. Only so accomplished a rider could have kept her seat through that wild rush. Sparks of fire kindled in the air and seemed to fall in showers about her.

Topsey knew the road to his stable and kept it. He preferred going that way, too, and was delighted at having a companion.

"Marcy sakes!" cried Aunt Selah as she heard the noise and flew to the door, "ef dar ain' missey back ag'in an' Topsey's done brung comp'ny! Dellaw, wutever is de matter?"

She was just in time to catch the dizzy girl in her arms as she fell from her seat with a face as white as snow, drawing her breath in short gasps.

"Take me—to papa—" she faltered; "oh, poor, poor papa."

Topsey stood quietly enough now, though he trembled all over and the white lather spotted his shining coat. The other horse was evidently not a bit the worse for the race, and looked about him in great content.

"Whut done come over yo', honey?" asked Aunt Selah. "Yo's a-shiverin' lak an ager fit."

"Oh, don't ask me!" cried Elsie, suddenly bursting into tears, and then, as she entered her father's room and looked into his anxious face, wringing her hands, she exclaimed:

"Oh, papa! I could not help it—it's gone—stolen."

And with many sobs she told the story. Mr. Carter's heart sank like a stone in his breast as he listened to it, and when it was finished Aunt Selah, from whom neither he nor his daughter had any secrets, flung her apron over her head and left the room.

"My darling, we have one another," he said at last, drawing her fondly to him. "We must make a new home. Any place will be home to me where you are."

At that moment they heard a great and joyous cry, and Aunt Selah came puffing and panting back again.

"De Lawd be praised!" she fairly shouted. "How come yo' say dat yo' money lost? Yere's a pocketbook a-bulgin' an' a-bustin' wid bills dat I done fine in the strange hoss' holsters. Dellaw! I'se glad Topsey 'vited him ter come along."

And she held up a well-stuffed wallet.

"That—that's not ours!" stammered Elsie.

"Reckon 'tis your'n—it sho'ly is," cried Aunt Selah. "Dat yer burgeleer ahin comin' after it. I'll bet a cooky——"

"Count the money, papa. It looks like a lot," exclaimed Elsie in great excitement.

Her father counted $800, while Aunt Selah stood near, ejaculating now and then "Praise de Lawd!"

"An' dar's de hoss, too!" she said. "Laws, Missy, I ahin gwine say a word 'bout you tarin' and rarin' agin. Yo' jess made a gran' scoop dat yer time, an' I'll be boun' yo' ahin nuvver had a buffday like dis hyer one. Yo' was a-hopin' for somethin' to happen outer the common, an, I 'low now, yo'll agree dat somethin' has sho'ly happened."

So the birthday was merry enough after all. And I am happy to state that the drunken ruffian whose wicked plot had been so providentially foiled was never heard of again.—Detroit Free Press.

An Insolent Captain Rebuked.

The first ocean navigation with a steam vessel in the world began in the harbor of New York, as the first river navigation did. The experiments of John U. Stevens in the use of steam upon ships proved successful in the year 1808 and the Phoenix, built in that time in Hoboken, was sent around to the Deleware river. It had been intended for the Hudson river, but the monopoly of Livingston and Fulton prevented its use there. In 1819 the ocean was crossed by a steam vessel built in the harbor of New York. It was called the Savannah, was of 350 tons burden, with an engine of 90-horse power. After completion it went to Savannah, Ga., and thence to Liverpool and St. Petersburg. Her whole sailing time from Savannah to St, Petersburg was 26 days. From the capital of Russia she returned to New York. She attracted much attention in the Mersey.

While there she kept her colors flying, and she was gayly decorated with bunting. The commander of a British man-of-war conceived the idea that this parade of colors were contrived to insult him and he sent a boat's crew to notify Captain Dodd that if he did not take down his pennant a force would be sent that would take it down for him. Captain Dodd's only response was an order to the engineer.

"Get the hot water engine ready."

The boat's crew very speedily left and no disturbance took place.—Shipping and Commercial List.

A Little Learning.

"Can you prove that every tale is a lie?" asked a college student of his old father. The latter thought for a moment, and finally replied in the negative.

The student, who was anxious to show his father what he was learning, explained to him in a very logical way that if a tale was a story and a story was a lie it stood to reason that every tale must be a lie.

Whereupon the father, who knew more about the law of supply and demand as exemplified by his family than he does about logic, said he guessed he had better put his son to work, instead of keeping him in a school where he learned that kind of nonsense.—Philadelphia Call.

Placing the Responsibility.

"I had to face the wind all day," said the tender boarder, "and I do believe my ears were bitten by the frost."

"Are you sure it was not done by the teeth of the gale?" asked the Cheerful Idiot, and the new waiter girl snickered so that she was retired to her original job of washing dishes.—Cincinnati Tribune.

A SUICIDAL POLICY.

THE SOUTH HAS CUT OFF ITS NOSE TO SPITE ITS FACE.

Cheap Foreign Wool Now Used in the North as a Substitute For Cotton—Sugar Can Save the Planters—Ell Perkins in the South.

I have visited several old sugar plantations in Florida during the last week. The great freeze which dropped the mercury twenty degrees below freezing point from Palatka to St. Augustine has frozen a third of the orange crop and killed all the old trees. The calamity brings sadness to all Florida. When I asked Judge Hunt, of Palatka, how he felt about it he said:

"This frost has been a calamity to our State, but it stops with the orange groves. Overproduction was killing the orange industry and providence has come to our rescue. But there is another overproduction in the South in a worse condition than the orange crop."

"What is that?" I asked.

"It is cotton, sir. Our farmers are now getting 3½ and four cent a pound for what we used to get ten cents for, and it is going lower every day. When I think how foolish we Southerners have acted it makes me sick. We had the chance to save ourselves offered us and we threw it away. We are now convinced of our own foolishness."

"Well, what have you done?" I asked.

"We could not have done worse," said the Judge. "We know now that cheap wool is a substitute for cotton. That is, cheap cotton was substituted for wool, but now cheap wool is a substitute all over the North for cotton. Cheap Thibet, Asiatic and Australian wool used to cost from sixteen to twenty-five cents. We Southerners thought it was smart to stab the wool farmers and take the ten cent tariff off of wool. We did it and now that same wool is being sold to Northern knit shirt and cloth factories for from six to fifteen cents. With six-cent wool the mills are throwing back our cotton. Who would not give two cents a pound more for woolen shirts or cloth than for the same things made of cotton?"

"How much cotton will this throw out of the market?" I asked.

"A million bales, sir. A friend of mine who has been in the New York, Connecticut and Massachusetts mills writes me that 'cheap foreign wool is hurting the South more than the North. It will reduce the demand for cotton a million bales,' he says, 'and send the price of cotton down to 3½ cents to our cotton farmers.' Then see what idiots we have been on the sugar question!"

"What have you done?" I asked.

"Why, we Southern men voted solidly against the bounty on sugar. Sugar was growing prodigiously in Florida, Southern Alabama, Louisiana and Texas. It was spreading all along the Gulf of Mexico from Lake Charles to Corpus Christi. It was going up the Brazos. In five years, with the bounty which Germany kept on till she now makes sixty million dollars' worth of sugar annually—I say in five years this sugar would have taken 2,000,000 bales of cotton out of our way and put $50,000,000 worth of sugar in its place. Think of it, we Southerners have cut off the demand for cotton a million bales in the North and increased our product 2,000,000 bales in the South.

"What made you do it?" I asked.

"Oh, politics. Dog-on silly, idiotic politics. We thought we must back the Democratic party, and now they've swamped themselves in the North and made paupers of us in the South."

"And what do you propose to do?"

"Why, let us put that wool tariff back and let our cheap cotton take the place of Asiatic wool, and then put that sugar bounty on again and send sugar into the cotton fields. Editorials in the papers and prayers in the churches won't save us now. We must quit politics and use our brains!" ELI PERKINS.

Avenues That Are Open.

Free traders, as a proof of the beneficial effects of the Walker tariff of 1846, are accustomed to speak of the number of miles of railroad built during the years from 1846 to 1860. They tell us it was the time of the opening up of the great West. They might as well say that the discovery of gold in California was the result of the Walker tariff. Those very things which they cite—viz., the building of many miles of railroad and the opening up of the West—show the reason why the panic was delayed until 1857 instead of following on the heels of tariff reform, as did the panic of 1893. In the years following the Walker tariff, men who were thrown out of employment went into the undeveloped West as miners or as pioneers; they found work in the construction of railroads. While these avenues of employment were open the panic was warded off. In these present days of tariff reform our workingmen have no such refuge, but tramp our streets searching for work. These have been the only avenues recently open to them.

Know It Now in London.

It is now apparent to the country at large that the Democratic Administration at Washington is merely bungling through an attempt at government, and that character and brains are thoroughly lacking, as well as proper appreciation of public sentiment. The true hypocrisy of this Administration threatens now to be fully exposed during the last two years of its curious existence.—Horncastle's (London) Monthly Circular.

Couldn't Stomach It.

The leaven (of tarif reform) didn't have time to work and soured on the stomachs of the people.—Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

That's so, and they spewed it up at once. It was too nauseous to digest and it will never again be tasted.

FARMERS AS BOOKKEEPERS.

Must Attend Commercial Colleges to Supply Income Tax Information.

While the American farmer is busily engaged in making a statement of the valuation of his property and his stock, so as to be ready for the income tax collector, who is as necessary an evil in this country under the policy of free trade as he is in England, it may console the American farmer to learn that his brother farmer in England has been receiving a little gift in the shape of a revised circular concerning the income tax in that country.

There the tax is payable on January 1, a sort of New Year's gift which the farmer is compelled to disgorge as his tribute toward free trade. There the farmer has the option of being taxed at a rate of six cents in the pound upon the actual value—that is, the rental value—of his land, although he may decide to be taxed as an ordinary trader upon his average profits during three preceding years. In the latter case an examination of his accounts during that period is necessary, so as to show the farmer's exact position.

During his leisure moments the farmer here, as well as in England, should take a course in bookkeeping, if he is not already an expert in that necessary branch of business. We are not aware of the exact form in which the farmers must make their returns in this country, but in England a blank balance sheet is prepared and distributed for the farmers to fill out, requiring many items and particulars which the average farmer could only furnish as an estimate, and many others which it would be impossible for him to furnish unless he were an expert bookkeeper.

Should the farmer desire to appeal against the amount of his taxation, the time wherein he can appeal or lodge a claim for the repayment of a portion of his tax is very limited. The tax collector, however, is allowed at least six months wherein to consider such claims and make repayments, so that if the farmer be compelled to pay unjustly any amount in excess of what the law properly demands, he may make up his mind that fully a year will elapse before he secures any refund. These are a few of the incidents of an income tax, which is and must be always a necessity and part of a policy of free trade.

Carlisle in 1892.

Carlisle in 1895.

Their "Vantage Ground."

Both President Cleveland and Mr. Wilson have described the present Democratic tariff as merely a "vantage ground" from which to wage further attacks upon the protective system, and they pledged themselves to continue to "shell the camp of monopoly" the moment that Congress reassembled. "Shelling the camp of monopoly," in Democratic phraseology, means closing the workshops and factories—in brief, to wage war upon the industrial and agricultural pursuits that are the bedrock of the country's wealth and welfare.

A Stormy Trip.

Juries Cannot Pass Upon Law.

The opinions of Justice Harlan for the court, and of Justice Gray for himself, and Justice Shiras dissenting, in the case of Herman Sparf and Hans Hansen vs. The United States, appealed from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, and decided in the United States Supreme Court last month, have been completed by their authors, and are now ready for the court reports. They comprise the largest contribution ever made in a single case to that already quite voluminous publication, as they will occupy nearly 150 pages, or about one-third of an entire volume.

The question discussed and settled in the opinions was: "Is the jury in a criminal case the judge of the law as well as of the facts?" The court said, for the first time in its history, distinctly and decidedly, that it was not; that it must take the law from the Judge. Justices Gray and Shiras held the contrary views.

AN AMERICAN COUNTESS.

Miss Anna Gould Weds a French Nobleman in New York City.

In New York City, Miss Anna Gould, second daughter of the late Jay Gould, and heiress to over $15,000,000 of his wealth, was united in matrimony to Count Boniface de Castellane, son of the Marquis de Castellane, of France. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's brother, George Gould, at Fifth avenue and Sixty-seventh street, and took place in the presence of the families of both the high contracting parties and about 100 invited guests. The religious ceremony was followed, a few hours afterward, by a civil marriage, performed at the Gould mansion by Judge Andrews, of the Supreme Court.

COUNT AND COUNTESS DE CASTELLANE.

Archbishop Corrigan, of the Catholic Church, assisted by a priest, conducted the religious ceremony. The wedding party formed in the library on the second floor, just over the East India room, where themagnificent array of presents was on exhibition.

The orchestra was stationed in the hall behind a bank of palms and ferns. It rendered "Largo," by Handel, and then Rosa Sucher sang "Elsa's Dream," accompanied by a string orchestra.

The wedding was, to a certain extent, a private function. The invited guests, outside of the immediate family circles of the Goulds and Castellanes, were few, and the entire number of persons present did not exceed 100. The bridegroom's family were represented by his father and mother, the Marquis and Marquise de Castellane, and his brother, Count Jean.

The guests assembled in the East India room, in which the ceremony was performed. This room had been decorated with flowers, the prevailing colors being pink, white and green, the flowers used being white Japan lilies, pink and white roses and palms.

Just before the noon hour the wedding party left the library. The ushers, Prince de Drago, Raoul Duval, Brockholst Cutting and Howard Gould, led. The bride, supported by her brother, George Gould, followed, and close behind them the pages, Kingdon and Jay Gould, George Gould's young sons. Then came the bridesmaids, the Misses Helen Gould, Catherine Cameron, Beatrice Richardson and Adelaide Montgomery.

The bridal procession passed down the staircase, which was panelled with palms, lilies and pink and white roses, under a dome of asparagus fern, Japan lilies and roses, to the music room, on a path laid out by smilax and white ribbon, to the East India room. There, under a canopy of imperial purple, the bridal party met the Archbishop, the bridegroom and his best man, Count Jean de Castellane.

The ushers and bridesmaids stood on either side of the raised dias. George Gould placed his sister's hand in that of the groom, who had advanced to meet her.

When the time came for the placing of the ring on the bride's finger, the bride handed the bouquet of lilies of the valley that she carried to her sister. The pair were then declared man and wife and the benediction pronounced. During the ceremony Miss Sucher sang "Ave Maria."

The Countess received first the congratulations of her family and then retired to a flower-banked alcove, where she received the guests.

After the ceremony the guests sat down to an elaborate wedding breakfast, which was served in the three rooms on the lower floor, tables being placed in the rooms while the guests were upstairs inspecting the presents.

While these fortunate and happy folk were partaking of this sumptuous feast 1000 poor children of New York City were making merry at a banquet given them by the bride. Of these 500 were little orphans, who had a bountiful repast served them at 226 East Eightieth street, and nearly as many more sat down to a dinner in the lecture rooms of the Allen Street Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, 89 and 91 Rivington street.

Late in the afternoon the Count and Countess de Castellane left for Irvington, N. Y., where they decided to remain at the house of George Gould until they sailed for Europe on the steamer New York.

It is stated that the bride settled on the Count $2,000,000, and agreed that any heirs should be brought up in the Catholic faith.

PROPOSED MONEY CONFERENCE.

All Delegates Appointed by Congress Save One Are Silver Men.

The text of the amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill relating to the International Monetary Conference, as finally passed by both houses of Congress in its closing hours, is as follows:

"That whenever the President of the United States shall determine that the United States should be represented at any international conference called with a view to secure, internationally, a fixity of relative value between gold and silver, as money, by means of a common ratio between those metals, with free mintage at such ratio, the United States shall be represented at such conference by nine delegates, to be selected as follows: The President of the United States shall select three of said delegates; the Senate shall select three members of the Senate as delegates; and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall select three members of the House elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress as delegates. If at any time there shall be any vacancy, such vacancy shall be filled by the President of the United States. And for the compensation of said delegates, together with all reasonable expenses connected therewith, to be approved by the Secretary of State, including the proportion to be paid by the United States of the joint expense of such conference, the sum of $100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated."

The Senate selected Senators Teller (Rep., Col.), Jones (Dem., Ark.), and Daniel (Dem., Va.), as delegates to the proposed conference. All are friends of silver coinage.

The House of Representatives without a dissenting voice and with great enthusiasm, adopted a resolution offered by Representative Bailey (Dem., Tex.) asking Speaker Crisp to designate himself as one of the three delegates to the conference on the part of the House. The Speaker later in the day designated himself and Messrs. Culberson (Dem., Tex.) and Hitt (Rep., Ill.) as the delegates for the House. The last-named is the only one of the Congressional delegation not in favor of free silver.

New Insults Offered the Cow.

State Food Commissioner McNeil, of Ohio, is taking steps to stop the making of artificial milk at Conneaut. He has obtained the formula of a preparation consisting of saleratus, glycerine, saltpetre, common salt, sodium phosphate and sugar, which, added to a gallon of water and a gallon of milk, makes two gallons of the artificial stuff.

Horsemeat in Indiana.

Representative Dinwiddie, of Indiana, introduced a bill to prohibit selling horsemeat for food, which is said to be a common practice in that State.

A Novel Lawsuit.

Etienne Esperance and his wife, an aged San Francisco couple, have brought suit against their five sons for enough to support them.

Twenty-one Nominations Failed.

Out of a total of nearly 860 nominations send to the last session of the Fifty-third Congress the Senate failed to act upon twenty-one.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

THE Grand Jury of the District of Columbia found an indictment against Charles A. Dana, editor, and William M. Laffan, publisher of the New York Sun, for criminal libel committed against Frank R. Noyes, of the Washington Evening Star, who is a director of the Associated Press.

THE Navy Department decided to man five warships with the 1000 additional men enlisted by an act of Congress.

COMPTROLLER ECKELS issued a call for the return of the condition of National banks at the close of business on Tuesday, March 5.

MANUEL ALMAGRO, who has been employed as a clerk in the Argentine Legation, is under arrest charged with the embezzlement of $3154.50 from his employer, Minister Estanislao S. Zeballos.

MEDALS of honor in the name of Congress have been awarded, by direction of the President, to Major John Deane, Twenty-ninth Massachusetts Infantry, for distinguished gallantry in action at Fort Steadman, Va., March 25, 1865, and to William H. Howe, of Company K, of the same regiment, for assisting on the same occasion.

VICE-PRESIDENT STEVENSON left for his home, in Bloomington, Ill., and will take a long and much needed rest. The Vice-President has not had one for almost three years, his work beginning with the campaign that resulted in his election.

THE American Bimetallic party issued, from Washington, an address in behalf of silver. Democrats representing sixteen States and two Territories signed the address calling for a new silver and gold party, and the nomination of its own candidate for President in 1896.

THE United States Supreme Court decided against the Bell Telephone, General Electric and other companies, in respect to claims for original patents. The decision covers the case of the Berliner patent, and many others, involving, in the aggregate, some $600,000,000 capital.

THE United States Supreme Court, in the Bate Refrigerator case decided that an American patent expires with the expiration of a foreign patent previously granted on the same invention.

THE Senators whose terms expired on March 4th were Messrs. Butler, of South Carolina; Camden, of West Virginia; Carey, of Wyoming; Coke, of Texas; Dixon, of Rhode Island; Dolph, of Oregon; Higgins, of Delaware; Huston, of Virginia; McLaurin, of Mississippi; McPherson, of New Jersey; Manderson, of Nebraska; Martin, of Kansas; Powers, of Montana; Ransom, of North Carolina; Shoup, of Idaho; Walsh, of Georgia; Washburn, of Minnesota, and Wilson, of Iowa.

AT the closing sessions of the Women's Council in Washington a proposition favoring a National university for both sexes was adopted after an animated discussion.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL BISSELL attended the regular Cabinet meeting at the White House for the last time. All the Secretaries were present. Only routine business was transacted.

THE Ways and Means Committee recommends that England, Russia and Japan be requested to co-operate with the United States in protecting the seals.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND decided the boundary dispute between Brazil and Argentina, in favor of Brazil.

Foreign Notes.

ADMIRAL DA GAMA has invaded Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, with a force of 3200, including a naval battalion.

SAN DOMINGO has settled with France, and the French warships have been called off. Hayti's War Minister has deserted, and the revolution has spread to the south.

A HEAVY snowfall in East Prussia greatly interrupted traffic. An entire hussar regiment crossed the River Fulda on the ice at Cassel.

A DEFEAT of the Colombian revolutionists is reported. Reports from Peru indicate that the revolutionists there are gaining. The Government troops dispersed bands of insurgents in the provinces of Santa Clara and Santiago, Cuba.

LI HUNG CHANG started for Japan to begin negotiations for peace.

LI HUNG CHANG'S credentials as Peace Commissioner to Japan have been completed and he will leave Pekin at once.

THE insurgents in Jaguey Grande, Cuba, have surrendered.

POPE LEO XIII. celebrated at Rome, Italy, the eighty-fifth anniversary of his birth.

THE epidemic of influenza in London increases in virulence.

LORD ROSEBERY was only prevented by earnest pleading of friends from throwing down the Premiership of England in disgust.

PROFESSOR JOHN STUART BLACKIE, the great scholar, died at Edinburg, Scotland. He was born in Glasgow in 1809.

PRINCE ACHILLE NAPOLEON MURAT killed himself in his house at Zougdidi. He was a descendant of the family that used to live in Bordentown, N. J.

THE Japanese are steadily driving back the Chinese armies in Manchuria and around Niuchwang and Liaoyang.

A BOILER in a distillery at Itzkany, Roumania, exploded, doing great damage to the building and causing the loss of twelve lives.

COMMANDANT LECHATTELIER, of the marine force, fought a duel with M. Percher, an editor in Paris, inflicting a wound from the effects of which Percher died in a few moments. The weapons were swords.

THE German Reichstag approved the appropriation for the four new cruisers.

THE loss of life in the wreck of the Inter Oceanic Railway, in Mexico, as just been made known. Sixty-five person were killed instead of forty-two, as first stated, and forty were injured.

LI HUNG CHANG'S yellow jacket, peacock feathers, etc., have been restored to him by the Emperor of China.

Domestic.

THE First National Bank of Texarkana, Texas, has closed its doors.

THE House at Augusta, Me., voted 79 to 54 in favor of the bill giving municipal suffrage to women.

THE burning of the steamer Laura Banks on the Tensas River, Louisiana, caused the death of Captain Knight's twelve-year-old boy and two colored hands.

AT Middlesboro, Ky., Thomas Howard, Deputy Sheriff of Bell County, was shot through a window while eating his supper and instantly killed by an assassin. Howard was dreaded by the desperadoes.

GRAVE charges of misappropriation of funds were made at New York City against the Rev. W. A. Newbold, the deposed Secretary of the American Church Missionary Society.

THE inbound North German Lloyd steamer Havel, with 149 cabin and 274 steerage passengers, ran hard and fast aground on Romer Shoal in Godfrey's Channel, three miles out from Sandy Hook, N. J.; efforts to float her at high tide proved unsuccessful.

AT Fort Gaines, Ga., Judson Hyatt, a well-known dry goods drummer from Macon, was shot and killed during a quarrel by Sheriff J. T. McAllister.

PLANS for a system of rapid transit in New York City, embracing a road under Broadway with four tracks on the same level, were adopted by the Rapid Transit Commissioners.

ALL the assistant inspectors of boilers and hulls attached to the United States Steamboat Inspection Service in New York City were notified by Supervising Inspector Starbuck that they had been dismissed. There were sixteen.

J. L. SHROPSHIRE, for years the trusted cashier of the Central Railway of Georgia, in Birmingham, Ala., has committed suicide. The railroad officials refused to disclose the condition of his books.

THE business portion of the town of Alvo, Neb., was almost destroyed by fire.

MARIA BOHAN, aged twenty-two years, and her sister Anna, aged twenty, orphans, with a good income from a relative's estate, were asphyxiated in Chicago, Ill.

THE announcement was made that Justice Barrett, of the Supreme Court, New York City, had granted a decree of absolute divorce to Alva S. Vanderbilt against her husband, William K. Vanderbilt.

HETTY and Mamie Logan and Linda Fields were drowned while skating at Sergeant, Ky. Their bodies were recovered.

GREAT NAVAL DISPLAY.

The United States to Be Represented at the Opening of the Kiel Canal.

The number of warships expected to be present at the opening of the great Kiel Canal in Germany this spring will far surpass any gathering in recent years, not excepting that of our naval review, when there were about forty vessels in New York Harbor. Great Britain, France and Russia will send large fleets, while Italy, Spain and other smaller continental powers will be represented by some of their latest crack warships. The United States will have the flagship San Francisco and Marblehead, and probably one of the two triple screw cruisers and the New York.

Secretary Herbert has notified the American Minister at Berlin to inform the officials that two ships, and perhaps four, will be at Kiel, in accordance with the Emperor's request. The opportunity of showing off the Columbia and Minneapolis, which are without equal in their class, and to compare the New York with the Blake, an armored cruiser of nearly the same displacement, it is believed may be taken advantage of by Secretary Herbert, who has been anxious for some time to let foreign navies witness the latest successes which have crowned the building of the new navy. It is admitted that no ship is comparable to the New York of her tonnage and class, while there are but two triple-screw cruisers in the world except those belonging to the United States. Both the Kaiserine-Augusta and the French ship have failed to make the record of the Columbia, and in this branch of naval advancement the United States so far has outstripped foreigners.

FIGHTING THE INCOME TAX.

Distinguished Counsel in Battle Array in the Supreme Court.

Preliminary arrangements for the argument in the income tax cases were made in the Supreme Court of the United States in the presence of such an array of distinguished counsel as is seldom seen in the court. There are three cases. Proceedings were opened upon the coming in of the court with a request from the Attorney-General that the three cases be consolidated. It was arranged that five hours should be given to each side, with the statement by Chief Justice Fuller that further time would be given if found necessary later. He also remarked that the court would not expect to hear more than three attorneys on each side.

In the Moore case ex-Senator George F. Edmunds and Samuel Shellabarger and J. M. Wilson appear for Moore, and the Attorney-General, Assistant Attorney-General Whitney and the Solicitor-General for the Government. Pollock and Hyde are represented by Clarence A. Seward, W. D. Guthrie, Charles Steele, Joseph H. Choate, Charles Southmayd and B. H. Bristow, while H. B. Turner appears for the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and James C. Carter and William C. Gulliner for the Continental Company.

SHOUP IDAHO'S SENATOR AGAIN

He Receives Just the Number of Votes Necessary to an Election.

George L. Shoup was re-elected United States Senator from Idaho on the first ballot at Boise City. The vote was: Shoup, 27; Sweet, 12; Crook, 14; absent, 1; necessary to a choice, 27. There was great excitement over the result, crowds at the Capitol shouting themselves hoarse.

George L. Shoup was born in Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, in 1836. All the education that he received was that afforded at a village school. He settled on a farm near Galesburg, in Illinois, in 1852, but in 1856 went to Pike's Peak in search of gold. He made a great mark in the Colorado Independent Scouts during the Civil War in fighting the Indians, and retired from the service a Colonel. He then went to Idaho, engaged in trade, served in the Territorial Legislature, was a Delegate in Congress, and was made Territorial Governor by President Harrison. He was elected the first Governor of the State of Idaho. He was next chosen United States Senator, and as Governor signed his own credentials for his new office.

ANCIENT AND HONORABLE CODFISH.

The Massachusetts House Superintends the Transfer.

At twilight, in Boston, the ancient codfish, that emblem of Massachusetts's old-time industry, was lowered from its place in the old Chamber of the House of Representatives, where it has been suspended for more than one hundred years, wrapped up in the Stars and Stripes and carried to its future place of abode in the Chamber of the new House of Representatives.

Four stalwart messengers in blue uniforms bore the fish, wrapped in the American flag, to its new home. The Sergeant-at-Arms led the procession, and fifteen members of the House, especially appointed for the service, were the escort.

Representatives Gallivan and Roberts delivered speeches to the House, giving the history of the codfish, and they were followed by Representatives Irwin and Gauss, who made appropriate remarks, and offered the necessary orders and resolutions which will insure the safety of the fish for another century.

UNCLE SAM AND SPAIN.

Inquiry as to Our Attitude on the Cuban Insurrection.

Deputy Lema questioned the Spanish Government in the Congress at Madrid as to the attitude of the United States toward Spain in the matter of the Cuban insurrection.

Senor Abarzuza, Minister of Colonies, replied that he had conferred with United States Minister Taylor only as to the penalties recently inflicted upon Americans in Cuba. The general relations between the two countries were cordial, as was proved by the manner in which the Nueva Espagna was received at Tampa. The commander of the gunboat had reported to the local officials, who had shown the greatest good will to

Norfolk & Southern R. R. CO.

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The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

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Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The sixty days Constitutional limit of the Legislature expired on Saturday, and, of course, the yer diem pay ended then; but in order to finish the calendar it will probably remain in session until to-day. In the main, it has done well—redeemed the pledges made to the people. We will review its work hereafter.

THE PREDICTION FULFILLED.

The CAROLINIAN predicted that industrial depression and business disaster would surely follow the passing of the Government over to the control of the Democratic party. It wasn't forty eight hours after it was fully ascertained that with Cleveland there would be a Democratic House and Senate the disaster, which has swept like a simoon over the country and laid fortunes low and beggared hundreds of thousands of men and made millions of men and women and children hungry and drove them to despair and desperation, had begun to come.

WHY?

The Asheville "Register" asks why don't the Democratic papers criticise the legislation enacted in Raleigh this winter instead of howling Douglass? Why don't they defend the incapacity and rottenness of the Democratic Congress which came to an inglorious end instead of yelling Douglass? Why don't they discuss living issues rather than a dead Negro? They dare not. The Legislature has redeemed the pledges made the people, and they are highly pleased with the work. The last Congress was too corrupt and incompetent to admit of defense, hence the howl.

A VICTIM.

Some sore-headed, sour-souled individual one said, "Save me from my friends and I will take care of my enemies." This fat-witted fling reflected more on the speaker than upon the sweet and noble relation which has contributed so much of brightness and of blessing upon human life. Still, such a sentiment would not be entirely without justification if uttered at this time by President Cleveland. He is certainly the victim of his professed friends.

Ex-President Harrison's prediction that Driver Cleveland would have an uncommonly hard time in managing his team of wild horses was more than fulfilled. The steeds took the bits in their mouths almost at the beginning of the trip, and the man on the box was as helpless as a baby.

Senator Lodge "hit the nail on the head" and "drove it furlongs deep." when he said that "to review the foreign policy of the United States during the past two years is not a cheerful task for any American." It has been a policy of stultification and surrender.

Speaking of the departed Congress Senator Hill declares "We have left undone those things which we ought to have done, and we have done those things which we ought not to have done." Confession is good for the soul.

Farmers who figure on their profits should endeavor to estimate the expense incurred in loss of fertility sold in produce. This fertility must be returned to the soil or the succeeding crops will be lessened correspondingly.

Words are only transports which sail eternal seas. Inspiration cannot be proved by facts, but is itself a most important fact. The records of both inspiration and facts are pregnant with new births of each.

Economy is a good thing in its place. So is ex Congressman Holman. It is reported that Mr. Holman is going to his farm. At the present time a farm is a good place for Holman and economy.

The Causassian remarks that the editor of the News and Observer "came home to redeem the State. But he is now trying to impose the job upon the corpse of poor old Fred. Douglass."

There is an epidemic of Bank thefts. The New York papers publish the record for 1894, showing that over $25,000,000 were stolen.

Maine held local elections the other day, and the returns came in all one way. The Democrats had nothing to fight for.

The political outlook is very bright.

WITHOUT A PRECEDENT.

The Fifty-third Congress has expired. If it were a written law that "nothing but good must be said of the dead," the obituary of that body would end here. No good can be said of it. No man will appear as its defender unless he is reckless of his reputation. If it had been an utterly useless Congress precedents might have been found for palliating its offenee, but for a positively vicious Congress whose policy and acts have been harmful in the highest degree there is no precedent. It has cost the values, the industries and the labor of the country billions of dollars. Fortunate, indeed, for the country it would be if the evil it has done could die with it.

America's prosperity depends upon the 6,000,000 farmers and its manufactures more than upon the world's bankers. It is estimated our wealth is $69,000,000,000. It is estimated that American railways employ 873,603 men.

A will was lately probated in Philadelphia bequeathing $3,000 to a boarding-house keeper because of the uniformly good table fare which the deceased had enjoyed at her hands for fifteen years. It is to be hoped that the moral will not be lost.

One of the most serious problems now before the Democratic party is how to provide for the army of out-of-a-job statesmen who have been set loose upon the country by the adjournment of Congress.

Having long ago broken the pledges of the Chicago platform, the back of the public patience, and the record, the Fifty-third Congress broke the Sabbath.

There is scarcely any hope of Gresham will become so disgusted with himself as to resign. The country will have to do the resignation act for "two years more."

This great American Republic borrowing money in time of peace to pay the current expenses of running the Government is a spectacle calculated to make the Goddess of Liberty weep.

The Democratic party presents a dissolving view, and will soon be lost to sight. Then it will be "to memory dear" only in the sense of extravagant expense.

The voice of the Cuckoo is heard no more in the land, and Grover Cleveland has gone duck shooting.

Every heart should grow lighter and every hope should brighten, now that Congress is out of the way.

The Fifty-third Congress came in like a lion and went out like a goat.

The Cuckoo roost in the Administration loft is draped in mourning.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself while Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, imparing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimubant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegeteble and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while using Baco-Curo it will nouify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cury any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. Baco-Cuto is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our iron-clad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes [thirty days treatment,] $2 50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, La Crosse, Wis

IT MAY DO AS MUCH FOR YOU.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, pith severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Dr. Lester Crowell, a prominent young physician, was convicted in the Superior Court of Catawba county of the seduction of a young lady and sentenced to five years in the Penetentiary and to pay a fine of $5,000.

Inflamed, itching, burning, crusty and scaly skin and scalp of infants soothed and cured by Johnson's Oriental Soap. W. W. Griggs & Son, Elizabeth City.

Lazarus Barrette, colored, of Farmville, Pitt county, has a deformed calf four weeks old which has four firm legs and no sign of a foot or hoof.

O. L. Rice, mendota, Ill., writes; "Have used your Japanese Pile Cure and found it a sure and permanent cure. W. W. Griggs & Son, Elizabeth City.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, March 8, 1895.

If the new Sibley Silver party is not more seriously regarded elsewhere than it is in Washington it will cut no figure whatever in national politics. The executive committee of the Bi-Metallic League, which is sponsor for the new party and author of the address which announced its birth and the reasons therefor, attempted in turn to get the consent of Senators Teller, of Colorado, and Cameron, of Pennsylvania, to allow the announcement of their names as the Presidential candidate of the new party, and upon their refusal it was decided not to nominate but merely to "suggest" a Presidential candidate. The man suggested was ex-Congressman Sibley, of Pennsylvania, an eccentric millionaire who has been Republican, Democrat and Populist, all within the last fifteen years, and who is probably expected to put up the money to maintain the headquarters which are to be opened at once in Washington and kept open—if Sibley doesn't get tired of paying the bills—until the Presidential election. It was expected by the originators of this party that quite a number of influential Democrats and a few Republicans would at once announce their endorsement of it, but no such endorsement has been given. On the contrary, even those Democrats who are supposed to have had a hand in hatching the new party, such as Bland and Bryan, hastened to give it a black eye by publicly saying they could see no necessity for the organization of a silver party until the Democratic National Convention shall refuse to declare for free coinage. If the new party has any Republican endorsers they are not known. So far as known the only notable recruits have come from the Populists in the persons of Senators Jones and Stewart, of Nevada, but there are several obscure Southern Democrats in the deal.

It would be difficult to find an angrier set of men than were the Democratic ex-Senators and Representatives, who had hopes of executive favors, when they learned that Mr. Cleveland left them in the lurch and gone off in search of a good time. Some of them could not control their anger and used words in the presence of Private Secretary Thurber which probably settled the little chances they for getting crumbs fiom the Presidential table, but the most of them smiled and hid their disappointment as far as possible, and will be on hand when Mr. Cleveland returns.

The names of the twenty-five Democratic members of the last House who signed that manifesto pledging the Democratic party to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 were published this week, although no one seems to know just why, as the number is so ridiculously small when compared with the total Democratic membership of the fifty-third Congress. An amusing feature of it was that the name of Representative McLaurin, of South Carolina, one of the signers, was published the same day as one of a committee to select the members of a national committee of the new silver party brought out this week by the Bi-Metallic League. Mr. McLaurin's constituents may soon be wanting to know which party he belongs to anyway.

The U. S. Supreme Court is now listening to arguments in the case involving the constitutionality of the income tax, aud it is expected that a decision will soon be handed down in the case. It has been a long time since there was suce an array of legal talent engaged upon a single case. Among the lawyers of national reputation are ex-Senator Edmunds, ex-Secretary Bristow, Shellabarger and Wilson, Jos. H. Choate, James C. Carter, Clarance A. Seward, W. D. Guthrie and Charles Steele.

It will astonish you how quick Johnson's Magnetic Oil will kill all kinds of pains internal and external; $1 size 50 ct; 50 ct size 25 ct.

HER OTHER SIDE.

Extremely Radical Sentiments Charged to Hetty Green.

She is a motherly soul, this Mrs. Hetty Green. She has a good, kind heart, even if she is the richest woman in America.

She has a tendency to distrust people on first acquaintance, but when one gets to know her she is a cheery creature, and her worn face brightens up, her eyes glisten, and she talks vivaciously.

She has a weakness for children and is always trying, and trying with success, to make friends of them.

The people who know her well, and it is significant that a great many poor people know her well, will tell you that Hetty Green is eccentric and whimsical, but that, after all, they like her. She is interesting.

Even a person who did not know who she was would bestow a second glance upon this unfashionably clad and often shabby woman if she passed by in a crowd.

"The poor have no chance in this country. No wonder anarchists and socialists are so numerous. The longer we live the more discontented we all get, and no wonder too. Some blame the rich, but all the rich are not to blame."

Thus spoke Mrs. Green when the Brooklyn strike was at its height. It was a general conversation, and she was taking her share in it. The talk had drifted from the particulars of the case to the generalities it involved, and Mrs. Green was more radical than any one.

"But the law must be upheld," remarked one.

"The law must be upheld, must it?" repeated the woman of millions scornfully. "Then why don't they begin at the right end? Who begins to break the law? The great railroad magnates. There is Huntington. He and his railroads and the men about him have been grinding wealth out of the poor for years and years and defying the authorities. But the militia are never sent against him. When some poor starving fellows get desperate and cars don't run, how quickly they send the troops! I will say, though, that the boys in the militia are not to blame. Their sympathies are always with the strikers. But what can they do? They must obey orders."

"How would you remedy these things?"

"How? Make these railroad magnates obey the law or put them in prison. Let the poor man break the law and see how soon he gets into jail."—Boston Herald.

THEY CALL IT ARGON.

Discovery of an Element In the Atmosphere Hitherto Unknown.

The existence of another element in the atmosphere, announced last summer, but received with a good deal of incredulity, has now been fully demonstrated. The proofs were adduced in a highly interesting form before a distinguished audience at the London Royal institution recently. The new element has been named argon by its discoverers, Lord Rayleigh and Professor Ramsey. There is still some doubt whether this strange, inert gas, which defies some of the best known laws of physics, consists of one or two primary elements. The discoverers have finally succeeded in separating it from the atmosphere on a large scale and have sent a portion to Professor Crookes, the eminent spectroscopist, and a portion to Dr. Olszewski of the University of Cracow to liquefy and solidify. These great authorities have found that the new substance gives a spectrum of its own and has its own boiling point, freezing point, critical temperature and critical pressure, that are all different from those of any other element. One of its properties is its invincible reluctance to combine with anything else. It will have nothing to do with oxygen, chlorine phosphorus, sodium, platinum or various other substances. Even the electric arc does not make it take companionship with anything.

One important quality is a great puzzle. All the heat given to the new substance produces only the motion of translation. In another respect argon presents difficulties. The great Russian chemist, Mendelejeff, has discovered an empirical law which associates the properties of elements with their atomic weights. Now the new element has a density of 39 or 40, which does not fit this law. Argon gives two spectra, the red and the blue, and it is this which raises a doubt whether the investigators are dealing with one or two substances. If the latter should prove true, then there is a new vista opened up, and it is suggested perhaps one of these substances will prove to be Professor Crookes' ideal protyle, the ultimate basis of matter from which all others are only combinations.

THE INFANTA ISABEL.

Old and Shabbily Dressed Now, but the Heroine of an Exciting Romance.

In an ordinary boarding house not far from the Arc de Triomphe, Paris, lives Isabel Fernandina of Bourbon, daughter of Don Francois de Paule and Princess Louise of Naples. Dona Isabel is sister-in-law of Queen Isabella and greataunt of the present king of Spain. Those who see her now, shabbily dressed, living in the quietest manner, can hardly believe that, 50 years ago, this Spanish infanta was the heroine of a romance that caused the wildest excitement in the courts of Spain and France. Count Gurowski was a Polish nobleman, handsome, distinguished and well received in society. Don Francois de Paule, father of the infanta, resided at Gallifet House, Paris, but the infanta was in a convent, from which she escaped by forming a ladder of towels and sheets. Then she accompanied Count Gurowski to Belgium, where a priest willing to perform a marriage ceremony was found.

As soon as the elopement was known the irate father dispatched messengers in all directions, and the governor of the royal princesses at last found the fugitives in Belgium. With the help of the police the two were arrested, but the count was given his liberty, while the infanta was brought back to Paris. Don Francois de Paule refused to receive his disobedient daughter, but was forced to give a formal consent to the marriage. So soon as the infanta heard that consent had been given she said: "Order horses! I am going to my husband." Queen Amelie of France was almost broken hearted because of the scandal and disgrace that had fallen upon her family. Strange to say, not long after this wonderful love marriage the couple separated by "mutual consent." About six years ago Count Gurowski died, and now the Infanta Isabel is an old woman, poor and neglected.—Realm.

An Ironmaster's Son Rivals Lebaudy.

M. Cail Jeune, son of the great ironmaster of Grenelle and owner of the ironworks he created, is emulous of winning the kind of notoriety which "le petit sucrier" enjoys. M. Caile is known in the gay world of Paris as "le petit fondeur." His family have just set him up with a conseil judiciare, or a guardianship council. One of the foolish deeds alleged against him was a Christmas eve supper to fast clubmen and pretty actresses. As midnight struck an old Christmas carol was sung, and then the company sat down to table. Each lady was provided with a costly bouquet. That of Mme. Liane de Pougy was held together by a bracelet valued at £6,000. The "petit fondeur" is in a cavalry regiment stationed at Tours. The war minister has obliged his family by canceling a long furlough.—London News.

Magnetic Sand For Cars.

A remarkable experiment has just been made near Orange, N. J., on the Eagle Rock line of the Suburban Traction company, with some magnetic sand from the ore separating works of Thomas A. Edison at Ogden. Mr. Edison had the idea that the sand would have more effect in preventing slipping of the wheels than the ordinary sand. The experiment was tried during the snowstorm on the Eagle Rock line, where the grades are excessive and the difficulties of operating in the snow are enormous. The experiment proved a complete success, the sand making a perfect electric connection with the rails and no slip being noted.

Russian Papers In Mourning.

The front pages of all the Russian journals still appear with mourning borders. They will continue to do so for 12 months from the date of the late czar's death.—London Tit-Bits.

Revival of the Curfew Bell.

There is to be a revival of the curfew in Canada, and if it prove successful in the cities and towns of that Dominion, it is not unlikely that it may be used in some parts of the United States, writes John Gilmer Speed, in The Ladies' Home Journal. The law which has been enacted by the legislatures of Quebec and Ontario was drafted by the Society For the Protection of Women and Children and provides that the municipal councils in cities, towns and incorporated villages shall have power to pass bylaws for the regulation of the time after which children shall not be in the streets at night without proper guardianship. The law also provides that these councils shall cause a bell to be rung at or near the time appointed, as a warning, to be called the curfew bell, after which the children so required to be at their homes or off the streets shall be liable to be warned by any constable or police officer to go home.

SEEDS

12 pkt's Flower 10c. 12 pkt's Vegetable 30c. 6 Dahlias 50c. 10 Gladiolus 30c. All $1. Half 50c. Price List FREE.

BEST—CHEAPEST H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 4, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I use **Mexican Mustang Liniment** in my business all the time. It is the finest thing in the world for sprains and mashes, also for cuts and burns. I have a bottle in my house continually for general use. I commend it to all who have never used it. They will find it just as I have said. I am, respectfully,

For 18 years Doorkeeper State Senate — W. V. CLIFTON, Bridge Contractor.

SILER CITY, N. C., Dec. 14, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For a number of years I have used **Mexican Mustang Liniment** on my horses and in my family, and find it the very best thing to use for sprains both on man and beast. Very truly yours,

Livery stables. A. C. JORDAN.

PILOT MOUNTAIN, N. C., Dec. 12, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—**Mexican Mustang Liniment** is the best thing in the world for a horse with a sore shoulder, or any other harness rub. Respectfully,

G. W. WHITAKER.

With V. Boyle, General Merchant.

THE CZAR'S GIFT.

A Pathetic Story of His Tender Regard For the Wishes of the Empress.

A pathetic story comes from Russia about the last present received by the dowager empress from the late czar. Last summer the czar and empress visited a great shop in St. Petersburg to buy jewels for their son's future bride. The empress greatly admired a beautiful bracelet and told the czar that she wished to possess it. On their return one of the serious attacks to which he was subject came upon him, and the empress forgot the bracelet. The czar died, and to the empress in the early days of her widowhood came Nov. 14, the first birthday she must pass alone. On her other birthdays the czar had been wont to place a bouquet in the morning room of the empress. Inside the flowers was always folded some rich rare gift, chosen months beforehand.

The empress had avoided the room as too full of painful memories, but this morning, the morning of his wedding day, Nicholas requested his mother to go there as a favor to him. The first thing she saw was the bouquet in the usual place, and inside the flowers was a case fastened and sealed by the czar's own hands. It contained the bracelet. He had ordered it on the same day that the empress saw it, and on his deathbed had given instructions for the birthday gift, bidding his son to be near to comfort her when she received it.

Life was a Burden

Nearly Distracted.—Doctors and Medicine Failed.

CURED BY TWO BOTTLES.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., May 8, 1894.

Dr. M. M. FENNER, Fredonia, N. Y.

Dear Sir:—I was bilious and nervous and my life became a burden to me. Lost appetite and strength and had terrible headaches, both nervous and bilious.

Doctors and remedies had failed to benefit and I was nearly distracted.

Finally 2 bottles of your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic completely restored me.

I thank you for making it possible to procure a remedy of such power for good. I feel that I owe my life to it."

Blood and Liver Dr. Fenner's Remedy and Nerve Tonic NeverFails.

It is a Sarsaparilla-Mandrake-Prince's Pine Alterative, Nerve Tonic and Restorative Compound.

CERTAIN AS THE LAW OF GRAVITATION.

Physics from blood, liver and tissues all worn-out particles and impurities, without weakening but strengthening instead, and Restores the Nerves.

Cures Headaches, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Bad Breath, Skin Diseases, Old Sores, Dizziness, Scrofula, General Debility, etc. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Sample free.

Mother! Keep your child's stomach and bowels healthy with Dr. Fenner's Sennatoria. The best laxative and corrective known.

Dr. Fenner's Soothing Syrup. Allays irritation and gives refreshing sleep.

Dr. Fenner's Worm Syrup. "Brought 15c worms from our child. Mrs Sherlck, Elida, O."

Dr. Fenner's Family (Salt Rheum) Ointment. Best for skin eruptions, Piles, Sores, Cuts, etc.

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of

FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET,

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Write for Stencils and Stationary.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

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In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

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North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.

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S ml, M. Lawder&Son

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SOFT CRABS,

TERRAPIN, &c.

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Quick Sales, Prompt Returns.

S. B. MILLER,

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FISH Dealer,

7 FULTON FISH MK'T

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a specialty. Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLEVALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,

Richmond, Va.

Consignments of North Carolina Herrings solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery Trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

MONEY

can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $35 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

PRIZES ON PATENTS

HOW TO GET $100.00 AND PERHAPS MAKE A FORTUNE.

We secure patents, and, to induce people to keep track of their bright ideas, give away one hundred dollars the first of every month to the person who submits the most meritorious invention during the preceding month. We will also advertise the winning invention free of charge in the "National Recorder," a weekly newspaper published in Washington, D. C., which has an extensive circulation throughout the United States, and is devoted to the interests of inventors.

NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

The idea of being able to invent something strikes most people as being very difficult; this delusion the Company will dispel. It desires to get into the head of the public the fact that the things which seem so absurdly trivial that the average citizen would feel ashamed to bring them to the attention of the Patent Office are often most valuable. It is the simple things and small inventions that make the greatest money, and the complex ones are seldom profitable. Almost every body at some time or another conceives an idea which he considers patentable and worth a fortune. Unfortunately such ideas are usually dismissed without thought. The simple invention of the car-window which could be easily shut up and down without breaking the passenger's back, the sewing-machine collar-button, nut-lock, bottle-stopper, suspender-buttonhook, buckle, and snow-shovel are things that every one sees some way of improving upon, and it is such simple inventions that bring the greatest returns to the inventor. The prize we offer will be paid whether the patent has been acted upon by the Patent Office or not. Every competitor must apply for a patent on his invention through us, and whether he secures the prize or not, the inventor will have a valuable patent. Send for circular. For further particulars, address

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bolding pods off the ground, keeping them clean and attractive. Vines and foliage are remarkably healthy, while the pods, which after picking, retain a marvelous degree of freshness. To introduce a mirror rust and blight, and keep well offer them at the low price of $4.00 per bushel. Prices of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in PRICE LIST AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE. WRITE FOR TRUCKER'S PRICE LIST AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

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A New and Complete Treatment. SUPPOSITORIES, Ointment, Tablets. Boxes of Ointment, A specific for Piles of every nature and degree. Is painless and with the knife or injections of carbolic acid. are painful and seldom a permanent cure. Piles resulting in death, more or less frequently this terrible disease? We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. 100 days' treatment benefits received. If not cured, 6 for $5. Send for circular. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured. Piles Prevented by Japanese Liver Pills, the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 25 cents.

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REPAIRING OF

Watches, Clock, Jewelry,

DONE THE BEST AT

Hathaway & Commander's,

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THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—D. B. Bradford, J. L. Sawyer, J. E. Wood, J. R. Pinner and G. W. Cobb. Clerk, C. C. Aiken Treasurer, T. R. Mann; Constable and Collector, Thomas Williams; Attorney, Geo. W. Ward; Street Commissioner, Monroe Bright; Fire Commissioners, Fred. H. Ziegler and Geo. W. Twiddy.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, Rev. C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, Rev. L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, Rev. F. H. Johnston, pastor.

COLORED—Methodist, Rev. H. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Elder Zion H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Elder J. A. Faulk, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, Rev. J. C. Coleman, pastor.

Y. M. C. A.—Rooms over Dr. McMullan's drug store, corner of Mathews and Water streets. Religious exercises every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All gentlemen cordially invited. J. B. Blades, president; R. O. Preyor, vice president; J. D. Sykes, sec'y; H. O. Hill, treasurer.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317; Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, S. W.; J. Salomonsky, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y and T. R. Mann, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14; W. S. White, N. G.; E. F. Sawyer, V. G.; W. W. Morrisett, Sec'y J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1269. C. E. Kramer, Regent; T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; J. P. Overman, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Jr., Collector; N. R. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, jr. Guide.

Knights of Honor: John H. Engle, Dictator, J. H. Burgess, Reporter, J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman, Fred Whitehurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph E. Harrell, Charles L. Weeks.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris.

Board of Education: G. W. Ward, S. N. Morgan, J. C. Commander. Superintendent of Public Instruction, William J. Griffin.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

C. C. Pool,	Carolinian Building
J. W. Albertson, jr.	Elliott street,
G. W. Ward,	E. Holt street,
J. Heywood Sawyer,	Main street,
E. F. Aydlett,	Main street,
W. J. Griffin,	Main street,
J. W. Albertson sr.	Elliott street,
J. C. Brooks,	Carolinian Building,
E. F. Lamb,	Main street,
Frank Vaughan,	Carolinian Building.

PHYSICIANS.

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street.
W. W. Griggs	Church street,
J. E. Wood,	Church street.
O. G. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
J. B. Griggs,	Church street.

DENTISTS.

J. H. White,	Main street,
E. B. Swindell,	Water street

DRUGGISTS:

Alex. Wadsworth,	Road Street,
J. E. Wood,	East Main street,
Griggs & Griggs,	Water street,
Etheridge & Bro.,	Main street,
O. G. McMullan,	North Water street.

SCHOOLS.

Atlantic Collegiate Inst.	S. L. Sheep, Prin'l
Select School	L. N. Tillett, "
State Normal (col.)	P. W. Moore, "

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At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

COUGHS COLDS COUGHS COLDS COUGHS, COLDS, La Grippe, Headache.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE

Moves the Bowels gently, relieves the cough, cures the feverish condition and headache and prevents pneumonia. Cures in one day. Put up in tablets convenient for taking.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

COUGHS COLDS COUGHS, COLDS, La Grippe, Headache.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, March 13, 1895.

☞ Onward.

☞ Spring commences to-day.

☞ Pasquotank Court here next week.

☞ Our waters are said to be unusually full of fish.

☞ There has been a good deal of sickness in the lower part of the county and several deaths.

☞ Mr. Joseph Swain, of Shad Neck, this county, died on Saturday, aged about 35 years.

☞ The dates of the Albemarle Park Fair decided on are October 16th, 17th and 18th.

☞ Better hang on to a thing a little too long than to change just as success is about to crown effort.

☞ The CAROLIAN repeats the advice to farmers: Diversify, diversify. That is not the only secret of success, but is essential when no special crops will pay, as is the case at present.

☞ People too often confound their needs with their wants. They often think they want pie, when they only need plain bread and butter.

☞ The reports from the Fisheries are very encouraging. The indications are that this is going to be one of the better seasons. The CAROLINIAN sincerely hopes that it may prove so.

☞ Do not be afraid of doing things a little different from the way they have been done, and do not hesitate to experiment, using, of course, judgment and common sense in whatever you do.

☞ The records made by Representative Pool and Senators White and Snipes prove that no mistake in their election was made. The CAROLINIAN will have more to say on this subject in future issues.

☞ The Secial attention of our Fishermen is called to the advertisement, in this issue, of Caleb Haley & Co., the old and reliable Commission Fish Dealers, 14 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

☞ "A Reader" inquires: "Where is the war ship Old Ironsides, and for what is it used?" In 1881, this historic old vessel was formally put out of commission, and with the Susquehanna, Ticonderoga and other Naval relics, took her place in the Brooklyn Navy Yard as a national curiosity.

☞ To "A Subscriber" the CAROLIAN will say that its editor is a Republican. He is a Republican because the principles of that party are in consonance with those enunciated by the Fathers of the Republic. He is a Republican because the Republican party is for America, first, last and all the time, and against all who are not.

☞ Through the indefatigable efforts of Senator White and Representative Pool the Oyster dredging bill has passed both Houses and is now a law. Mr. White had engineered it through the Senate, and on Monday Mr. Pool secured its passage through the House. A prominent gentleman, a Democrat, telegraphed a friend here yesterday: "Pool passed Dredging law yesterday. Give credit where credit is due."

☞ Dr. Allen, the Medicine man, who, during the past ten days, has been giving free entertainments at his big Tent on the corner of Main and Road streets, made a good many poor colored people happy the other day. He had a certain number of tickets distributed to the really needy and directed they come, with baskets, to the Tent on Friday afternoon. They did so, and those presenting tickets had their baskets filled with bread, vegetables, etc.

☞ After over three weeks delay, causing us much needless inconvenience, the Insurance Adjuster put in an appearance last Thursday, and enabled us to begin the work of "reconstruction." The new Press Room, in the rear of the main CAROLINIAN Building, is already completed, and the repairs on the latter are well under way. Our new type, too, has arrived and we expect soon to be solidly on "both feet" again. As our readers know, we advocate "hustling," and we try to practice what we preach.

☞ The charge that under the new Charter the material interests of Elizabeth City will suffer is gratuitous and maliciously false. No interest will be interfered with except the political "snap" of the about-to-be deposed "ring." The leading promoters of the new regime are citizens of the town property owners and tax-payers—some of them paying treble the amount collected from several of the most blatant croakers—and, aside from any other consideration, they cannot afford to permit unwise or disastrous municipal mismanagement. Rest easy. The City will grow, improve and prosper.

☞ Judge Bryan is holding Camden Court this week.

☞ Castor oil is said to be the best thing with which to soften leather.

☞ A friend in need is a friend who generally strikes you for a quarter.

☞ The most helpless creature in the world is a man with a sore thumb.

☞ A man too busy to take good care of his health is like a machinist too busy to take care of his tools.

☞ If you are "mad" and can hide it for a few minutes you will soon pat yourself on the shoulder for doing so.

☞ Good appearances are pleasant of course, but solid realities are safer and more comfortoble..

☞ It has been suggested that all lands that are allowed to grow up in weeds, which send their seeds far and wide, should be doubly taxed.

☞ Scatter air-slaked lime freely around the grape vines, so as to cover every portion of the ground. It is excellent in assisting to destroy the spores of the grape rot.

☞ A revised and enlarged edition of Dr. Humphrey's Specific Manual will be sent free to any address. Humphreys' Medicine Company, William & John sts., New York.

☞ President Cleveland is again down on our Coast He's a bird! At least he is always after birds, and the cuckoos having gone home to roost he tries his hand at ducks.

——A new lot of Reed's Fine Shoes for Ladies just received at Fowler & Co's. Every pair guaranteed.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufacture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:04 and will set to-night at 6:12.—Our venerable townsman Andrew L. Pendleton improves very slowly if at all. We had a call the other day from Mr. Herbert L. Osgood, Professor of History in Columbia College, New York. He is visiting the South for the purpose of searching the Colonial records for information on certain historical points.—"To the pure all things are pure," whether they come from a hydrant or a cow.—Mr. John B. Kenney, of Raleigh, representing the Georgia Home Insurance Company, was here on Thursday adjusting the CAROLINIAN losses by fire.—Mrs. Grundy says that it is highly fashionable to bow to virtue and then pass on.—Two great business rules are thus stated by the Versifier:

There are many rules for merchants,
But these two will suffice,
Be diligent in business,
And don't fail to advertise.

—It was in the First Ward. "Yes," murmured she, taking no pains to conceal a yawn, "yes, March does come in like a lamb, but you needn't wait to see how it goes out; I'll let you know." Presently he took his leave.—A number of Methodist ministers were here last week attending the District Conference.—Somebody has said it is better to be Right than to be Left.—It is probably true that a man never gets too ugly to enjoy flattery.—The schooner Ivy arrived on Friday with a large cargo of sawed lumber for the Blades' Lumber Company.—Does any one suppose that they would be really happy if they had everything they wanted? —The Pharisee, who had just returned from church, was heard to say:

"Man wants but little here below,"
the earnest parson cried,
But he soon deplored his injudicious
prate,
For the worshippers his lesson to their
hearts applied,
And dropped nothing else but pennies
on the plate.

—We acknowledge a call the other day from Mr. J. L. Lilliston, of Suffolk, the proprietor of the new Machine Shop and Foundry here. Sorry we were so engaged as to be unable to entertain him as we desired. Call again.—The Listener overheard the following: "What do you suppose makes Tom write such awfully gushing letters?" inquired a young lady. "Oh, I suppose he uses a fountain pen," replied her companion.—The pleasant weather of the past week has been utilized by contractors in pushing the work on the new buildings being erected.—The Rhymster thus sums up a few notable facts:

Laugh, and the world laughs with you;
Yell, and the world will yell too,
But you'll always find,
If your rent is behind,
You will have all the groaning to do.

—The price of eggs is getting down nearer to the reach of the poor man's pocket.—Prof. P. D. Mahony, the Optician and Oculist Prescriptionist, has been spending sveral weeks here. Quite a number of our citizens afflicted with imperfect sight testify to his skill.—"Paw," asked little Tommy, "what makes people think the moon has anything to do with anybody being crazy?" "I don't know, unless the idea started with the honey-moon," was the answer.—Don't fail to read the new advertisements.—The old Bard hums:

The man who sighs for the happy day
When a barefoot boy he ran,
Is the same old boy who used to say:
"I wish I was a man."

—Very little business in the Police Court the past week.—Many of our cares are but a morbid way of looking at our priviledges.—"John, dear, why are some grocers called green grocers?" inquired a West End lady of her husband at breakfast the other morning. "To distinguish them from cash grocers, darling," was the reply.—Cupid is the only genuine optimist.—One gets tired of the man who knows it all and a few more things.—The Cynic contends that some people make a living out of other people's curiosity.—Rev. Dr. Blackwell, of the Baptist Church, delivered a lecture on "Reading" at the Collegiate Institute on Friday night.—There were a large number of country people in town on Saturday.—Who is the man of whom it is reported:

He don't care a rap
Whenever it doth hap
That his wife's cold to him any day;
But he raves and he roars,
And slam-bangs the doors,
If his morning pan-cakes are that way.

—Fowler & Co., have just received a very fine assortment of Ladies' Shoes, of the celebrated Reed manufacture. —M. Wescott, the leading Tailor, has moved his place of business to Water street.—Mr. Charles Preyer, of Cleveland, O., is here on a visit to his brother R. O. Preyer, at "The Seven Pines" on Riverside. He gave us a call. He is favorably impressed with our town and country and will probably locate here in the near future.—The Underwood Saw Mill property, on Factory Avenue, was sold on Saturday. Kramer Brothers & Co., were the purchasers. Price, $5,000.—Rev. Dr. Blackwell, of the Baptist Church, delivered an instructive address at the Room of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon.—The eclipse of the moon was observed by a number of our town folks.—It has been decided to keep the Rooms of the Y. M. C. A. open every night during this month, and and at the first meeting in April the question of continuance will be considered.—On Monday evening a colored man named Col. Small, in the employ of the Norfolk Southern Railroad, on stepping backward on the track at the Depot here, caught his foot in the frog and was unable to extricate himself before a car passed over and crushed his limbs. He died yesterday morning.—Hon. T. G. Skinner was in the City yesterday.—The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church will hold their next Sociable at Rev. P. W. Melick's, on Water street, on Friday night.—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. L. J. Pritchard, of this place, to Miss Mira A. Woodard, of Hickory, Va., on the 10th of April.—The firm of Hathaway & Commander, Jewelers on Water street, has been changed to that of Hathaway Bro's. New advertisement next week.—Don't fail to go and hear the Swedish Songsters at the Opera House to-morrow night.—The building of a large Cotton Factory here is being agitated. At a meeting of a number of our business men last night it was decided to organize a stock Company with a capital of $150,000. At the meeting were Mr. H. F. Smith, of Newton, N. C., and Manager M. K. King, of the N. S. R., both of whom gave much practical information and encouragement. Further notice in our next issue.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: 'After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr King's Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.

FOR THE SCHOOLROOM

If it's anything needed in a schoolroom we have it. We are Headquarters for Blackboards, Desks and Seats, Crayons and Erasers, Maps and Globes, Inks and Information. What we tell you, you can depend on. Everything we sell you is guaranteed. We do business on the "money-back" plan, and we do more business than any other house in one line. We want everybody interested in school work to have our catalogue, so we can do still more business. Catalogues free.

65 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK

Andrews School Furnishing Company

GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE

FENCING

WIRE ROPE SELVAGE

McMULLEN

RAILROAD, FARM, GARDEN,

Cemetery, Lawn, Poultry and Rabbit Fencing.

THOUSANDS OF MILES IN USE. CATALOGUE FREE. FREIGHT PAID.

THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.
114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St. Chicago.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Mr. M. M. Elliott, of Norfolk, spent a day or tow with us last week.

Mr. W. S. Lamb paid a short visit to Hertford last week.

The Samaritans of this town will hold anniversary exercises this week.

Miss Susie Braddock, of New York, was a visitor here for a short while last week.

Miss A. J. Towe closed her school near Salem last week and is now at home.

Mrs. Mary Morris, of Edenton, after spending a few days here, has returned home.

The concert for the "Verick Building" last evening was quite a success. An excellent programme is also prepared for to-night.

Rev. M. P. Hawkins, the worthy pastor of Kedesh Church, at Edenton, was down to see us again last week.

Mr. J. W. Dance, who has been teaching at Coleraine, Bertie county, has closed his school and returned to the city. He reports a successful term.

Miss Lizzie Walton has returned home from Philadelphia and is spending a few days visiting her parents and friends. She is accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Mary E. Howell, of Portsmouth.

Rev. Sears delivered three excellent sermons to immense congregations at Corner-Stone Church on last Sunday. His lecture to the young people last night was sound and logical, abounding throughout with good and wholesome instruction.

The well-known Benbury Family of Edenton was in our town again last week, and in two concerts gave our people the pleasure of enjoying their rare musical performance. In both concerts they highly sustained their reputation as the most wonderful and musically talented characters in this section.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED.

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarah. Send for testimonials, free.

F. H. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

RUNNING RISKS

All people who buy goods of unknown quality of unknown or irresponsible dealers. To give satisfaction is our principl aim, and the effort is such as to amount to a virtual guarantee to the customer. Our stock embraces Dry Goods, Millinery Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Gents' and Ladies' Furnishings &c.

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as administrator of the late Urtah Roughton, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

EDWARD ROUGHTON,
Adm'r of Uriah Roughton.
Feb. 25th, 1895.

Money Made

EASILY AND RAPIDLY.
READ THIS AND THINK IT OVER.

We want 100 men who have energy and grit. We will give them a situation in which they can make money rapidly—the labor being light and employment the year round. Requires no capital or great education. Some of our best salesmen are country boys. Young men or old will do. Remuneration is quick and sure. We have need for 100 men within the next 30 days. Do not waste time but write at once to H. C. HUDGINS & CO., Publishers, Atlanta, Georgia.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the late Benj. W. Davenport, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

P. W. F DAVENPORT,
Adm'r of Benj. W. Davenport, dec'd.
Feb. 26th, 1895.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A small Island or Peninsula, of from three hundred to three thousand acres. Address, with full particulars,

F. E. LOWRY,
529 State St., Erie, Pa.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Neuralgia, Bad Blood
Constipation, Nervous ailments
Malaria, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of **Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views** and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

SALOMONSKY'S Annual Before Stock-Taking SALE.

Prices have been marked down below any previous point of Lowness known to the trade community simply because the stock

Is too Large

to handle comfortably during the Annual Inventory. We shall

Incur Losses,

Many of them very heavy, but no loss, however large, or no sacrifice, however great, can divert us from our purpose of

Giving Money's

worth. All the goods are new and fashionable, while the reductions are positively unequalled.

Everybody is invited to this great sale. The bottom has been knocked out of everything.

R. Salomonsky.

Kramer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Materia

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FLOORING,
.....SIDING,.....
CEILING

Window and Door FRAMES,

Doors, Sash and Blinds, Moulding, Scroll and Turned Work, Church Furniture, Store Fixtures, Bill Lumber, Lath, Pickets, &c., &c.

Fish and Produce BOXES

Shipments made by Rail or Water Estimates Furnished. Address,
KRAMER BROS., & CO.,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3	Teething Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding.	.25
18	Ophthalmy, Sore or Weak Eyes.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough.	.25
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	.25
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	.25
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling	.25
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.25
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.	.25
28	Sore Mouth, or Canker.	.25
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
31	Painful Periods.	.25
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.	.25
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.	.25
EXTRA NUMBERS:		
28	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges.	1.00
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) MAILED FREE.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about **BACO-CURO.** It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with **BACO-CURO.** It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms or money refunded. Price $1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) for $2.50. For sale by all druggist or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & M'f'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Office of the PIONEER PRESS CO., C. W. HORNICK, Supt.
St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.

Eureka Chemical and M'f'g Co., La Cross, Wis.

DEAR SIRS—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years have smoked fifteen to twenty cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called "Keeley Cure," "No-To-Bac" and various other remedies but without success until I accidently learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and to-day I consider myself completely cured; I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your Baco-Curo simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.

Yours very truly, C. W. HORNICK.

SHIP YOUR EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY

And Other Produce to

DAVIS, HILL & CO.

308 10th St., N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

You will receive the highest Cash Prices. We buy outright or handle on Commission, "Quick Sales and Prompt Returns." Commission for handling goods, five per cent. Send for price list.

THE FAIR

You will find it to your interest to examine the stock just opening. There are many bargains which must be seen to be appreciated. Clothing for Men, Youths and Children; which were bought at a bankrupt sale for less than cost of production. Hats and Caps in large variety at prices that will surprise you.

The stock of Boots and Shoes has been largely increased and offers special attractions to those who like to get the worth of money and know a good thing when they see it.

We have so largely increased our stock in the above lines that it has become necessary in order to make room to close out some lines of Notions, Books, Pictures and Fancy Articles, the prices on which will be greatly reduced.

We call special attention to our line of all Papers, Shades, Curtains and Fixtures, which must go regaudless of cost.

THE FAIR

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

FOWLER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail.

DRY GOODS AND SHOES

Bottom Prices to All.

CAN

A man afford to give a DOLLAR AND A QUARTER'S worth for One?

NO!

Can a man sell you one dollar's worth, intrinsic value, and give you a prize?

NO!

Can give you one hundred cents worth for one dollar, intrinsic value?

YES!

This is the plan upon which business is done and no other way at

MOSES WEISEL

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Milinery Goods &c

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed.

For primary, secondary and tertiary syphilis, for blood poisoning, mercurial poison, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, erysipelas, eczema—we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to menstrual irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 14th, 1893. —I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was afected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 35 years, was treated by the very best physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, tried every known remedy without finding relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of the above diseases.

MRS. M. M. YEARY.
Springfield, Green County, Mo.

Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores

Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P.P.P.

—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 21, 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treament at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief; it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST.
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga

The Wrong Way.

There is a way of looking at a thing that is curious and wrong. The old adage, "proof of the pudding is in eating it," is sound sense. And another "never condemn before trial." In the treatment of anything, treat it in good faith, so when infirmities beset us, beset them with good will and force. Thousands have in this way overcome the worst forms of rheumatism by using St. Jacobs Oil. Never shrink from what is known to be by thousands a positive cure for this dread complaint, and that is the thing to remove the trouble and solve the doubt.

Trains were first run on the Third avenue elevated road, New York City, in 1878.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The world's output of gold in 1893 amounted to $155,522,000.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Standard

remedy for all stomach and liver complaints is Ripans Tabules. One tabule gives relief, but in severe cases one should be taken after each meal until the trouble has disappeared.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., November 5, 1891.

PLEASANT, Wholesome, Speedy, for coughs is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Weak and Sore Eyes

Eyesight Became Affected---Unable to Go to School

Hood's Sarsaparilla Wrought Cure and Built Up System.

Elsie Cannedy, Arkansas City, Kan.

"Two years ago my little daughter Elsie was afflicted with ulcerated sore eyes. I tried one of the best doctors in the city for about a year but her eyes seemed to grow worse. I had her treated by an oculist but his treatment did not benefit them. I then commenced to give the little one Hood's Sarsaparilla and after the first bottle I could see that there was great improvement. Elsie is now nine years old. Besides benefiting the special trouble mentioned Hood's Sarsaparilla has made her a strong and sprightly child. I will always speak highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. H. CANNEDY, 215 North Fifth Street, Janitor Fourth Ward School Building, Arkansas City, Kan.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be Sure to get HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles.

SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION
—AND—
All Disorders of the LIVER.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness of weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25c. a Box. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., Lock Box 365, New York, for Book of Advice.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received

HIGHEST AWARDS

from the great

Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations.

Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and *costs less than one cent a cup.*

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple. *Send for Book.*

Manistee, Mich., Feb. 14, 1895.

Dr. Kennedy,

Dear Sir:

I am the little boy you sent the Discovery to about six weeks ago. I used two bottles and also the salve. When I began to use the medicine my sores were as large as a quarter of a dollar, and now they are as large as a ten cent piece and I feel much better. Mamma and I feel very thankful to you. I shall write again and tell you how I am getting along.

I remain your little friend,

ANDREW POMEROY,

88 Lake Street.

NYNU—10

LOOK for our announcement in NEXT issue of this paper. It will show a cut NEXT of 1 style of

DAVIS CREAM SEPARATORS

It would take several pages to give details about these peerless machines. Handsome Illustrated Pamphlet Mailed Free. AGENTS WANTED.

DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. AND MFG. CO. Sole Manufacturers, Chicago.

$75 a Month Sign Painting (particulars 10c). Littlefield & Co., Adams, N. Y

Times When the Sun Failed.

The ancient historians mention several instances of the sun "going out" or failing to shine and give forth its usual amount of heat and light for periods of time varying in length from three hours to several months. According to Plutarch the year 44 B. C. was one in which the sun was "weak and pale" for a period approximating eleven months.

The Portuguese historians record "several months of diminished sunlight in the year 934 A. D., and, according to Humboldt, this uncanny period ended with "strange and startling sky phenomena, such as loud atmospheric explosions, rifts in the vaulted canopy of the blue above and in divers other rare and unaccountable freaks." In the year 1091, on September 29th (See Humboldt's "Cosmos"), the sun turned suddenly black and remained so for three hours, and did not regain its normal condition for several days. According to the noted Helmuth's "Solar Energy," the days of seeming inactivity on the part of the sun (the days following the sudden blackening of the great orb) were noted for a peculiar greenish tinge, and are marked in old Spanish, French and Italian records as "the days of the green sun." February, 1106, A. D., is noted in the annals of marvelous phenomena as a month in which there were several days that "the sun appeared dead and black, like a great circular cinder floating in the sky."

"On the last day of February, 1206," says Cortvza, an old Spanish writer on astronomy, astrology and kindred subjects, "the sun appeared to go suddenly out, causing a darkness over the country for about six hours." In 1241 the European countries experienced another siege of supernatural darkness which the superstitious writers of that time attributed to God's displeasure over the result of the great battle of Leigniz.—Atlanta Constitution.

Ogontz and Its Indian Hero.

Ogontz seems a rather odd name for a young ladies' seminary—and thereby hangs a somewhat romantic tale. It will be remembered that the school occupies what was the beautiful home of Jay Cooke. When Mr. Cooke was a very young man he went on a visit to the very far West and there formed a close friendship with an Indian chief, Ogontz. The friendship never altered through all the changes of later years, and when Jay Cooke achieved great wealth and built his beautiful home on the suburbs of Philadelphia he called it after his faithful Indian friend, who visited him there. At the time of his visit a cast was taken of the handsome Ogontz, and to-day his dignified, noble countenance in bronze looks down upon the girls who fill the house which bears his name. The girls have adopted the head in their seal, it ornaments the Ogontz souvenir, and, in fact, it appears in all places where it can appropriately be shown. It seems odd, at the World's Fair, in the charming section which held the display from this school, to see the massive, strong head of an Indian towering over the work of young women, but when one knows that it is the monument of an unusual and beautiful friendship it falls directly into drawing.—Philadelphia Press.

Peculiar Purpose of a Secret Society.

At Lexington, Ky., a secret society is being formed which will have for its object the mating and marrying of young people. As yet the officers, if there be any, cannot be learned, but it is known that the organization is to be formed principally of young married couples. These couples will select a young man and a young lady supposed to be suited for each other and in various ways throw them in each other's company. They will be invited to dine with a certain young married couple, who will do what they can toward inclining the unsuspecting people toward each other. This will be repeated at the home of other members of the club until the young people become thoroughly acquainted with each other, then other methods will be resorted to, such as telling the young lady compliments from the young man and vice versa. In Taswell County, Virginia, there is a society on this order which has succeeded in marrying off all the eligible couples in the neighborhood of the working members. J. B. Gose is President and W. X. Crockett is Secretary, both being young married men who themselves entered matrimonial life through a matrimonial society.—Chicago Herald.

SERVED IN THE WAR.

THE GRIP ALMOST WON WHERE THE BULLET FAILED.

Our Sympathies Always Enlisted in the Infirmities of the Veteran.

(From the Herald, Woodstock, Va.)

There is an old soldier in Woodstock, Va., who served in the war with Mexico and in the war of the rebellion, Mr. Levi McInturff. He passed through both these wars without a serious wound. The hardships, however, told seriously on him, for when the grip attacked him four years ago it nearly killed him. Who can look upon the infirmities of a veteran without a feeling of the deepest sympathy? His townspeople saw him confined to his house so prostrated with great nervousness that he could not hold a knife and fork at the table, scarcely able to walk, too, and as he attempted it, he often stumbled and fell. They saw him treated by the best talent to be had—but still he suffered on for four years, and gave up finally in despair. One day, however, he was struck by the account of a cure which had been affected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He immediately ordered a box and commenced taking them. He says he was greatly relieved within three days' time. The blood found its way to his fingers, and his hands, which had been palsied, assumed a natural color, and he was soon enabled to use his knife and fork at the table. He has recovered his strength to such an extent that he is able to chop wood, shock corn and do his regular work about his home. He now says he can not only walk to Woodstock, but can walk across the mountains. He is able to lift up a fifty-two pound weight with one hand and says he does not know what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for others, but knows that they have done a great work for him.

He was in town last Monday, court day, and was loud in his praise of the medicine that had given him so great relief. He purchased another box and took it home with him. Mr. McInturff is willing to make affidavit to these facts.

The proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills state that they are not a patent medicine, but a prescription used for many years by an eminent practitioner, who produced the most wonderful results with them, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of almost every ill to which flesh is heir. The pills are also a specific for the trouble peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely harmless and can be given to weak and sickly children with the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price (50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company Schenectady, N. Y.

SILVER PARTY LAUNCHED

The Bimetallic League Issues an Address to the People.

A CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT.

Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, Recommended by the League---Signers of the Address Represent Sixteen States---A National Organization to Be Formed, With Representatives in Every State.

General A. J. Warner, President of the American Bimetallic League, announces that the league has prepared an address to the people, outlining plans for a new bimetallic party. The address is signed by these former Congressmen and others representing sixteen States and two Territories:

R. P. Bland (Mo.), W. J. Bryan (Neb.), H. A. Coffeen (Wyo.), George W. Fithian (Ill.), J. W. Cockrell (Tex.), John L. McLaurin (S. C.), James G. Maguire (Cal.), George P. Ikirt (O.), Justin B. Whiting (Mich.), H. C. Snodgrass (Tenn.), George F. Richardson (Mich.), M. A. Smith (Ariz.), A. W. Ogden (La.), J. Capehart (W. Va.), H. L. Moore (Kan.), H. D. Money (Miss.), R. W. Fyan (Mo.), B. F. Grady (N. C.), Charles H. Morgan (Mo.), G. W. Shell (S. C.), Edward Lane (Ill.), D. D. Donovan (O.), A. C. Latimer (S. C.), Marshall Arnold (Mo.), W. H. Denson (Ala.), W. J. Talbert (S. C.), John S. Williams (Miss.), T. J. Strait (S. C.), A. J. Caminetti (Cal.), W. H. Bower (N. C.), Antonio Joseph (N. M.), E. P. Howell, of the Atlanta Constitution; J. Floyd King, ex-member of Congress, Louisiana.

The signers of the address demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by the restoration by this Government independently of any foreign power, of the unrestricted coinage of both silver and gold into standard money, at the ratio 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality, the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts and dues, public and private. Further they say:

"We hold that the power to control and regulate a paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money, and hence that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general Government only and should be legal tender only.

"We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, and demand that the payment of all coin obligations of the United States as provided by existing law, in either gold or silver coin and at the option of the Government and not at the option of the creditor."

They say there are silver men in both old parties, but that both old parties are under goldbug domination, and that it is high time the bimetallic men got together under a new law.

Those in the conference assert that if they had authority to name a candidate for President they would name Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, but not having such authority they can only suggest the name and invite expressions from the people by petition, resolutions or otherwise, believing that nominations when made should reflect in the most direct manner the will of the people uncontrolled by caucus machinery or by professional politicians.

A committee consisting of General A. J. Warner, President American Bimetallic League (Chairman); William M. Stewart, United States Senate; Henry Jones, of Georgia; Francis G. Newlands, of Nevada; Anson Wolcott, of Indiana, and John L. McLaurin, of South Carolina, has been appointed to select a Provisional National Committee, to consist of one member from each State and Territory and the District of Columbia, to take charge of the movement in all the States and Territories.

A BANK CASHIER SHOT.

Seriously Wounded by Robbers Who Were Pursued and Captured.

Cashier Leech, of the Bank of Adel, Iowa, was perhaps fatally shot by two bank robbers at Adel. They escaped with an unknown amount, supposed to be $15,000. C. D. Bailey, a merchant, was also badly shot.

The robbers drove into town about nine o'clock in a top buggy, proceeded at once to the Bank of Adel, entered, and stated they wished to deposit a sum of money. The cashier, S. M. Leech, turned to arrange to receive the money, and on looking around was confronted by drawn revolvers in the hands of each man. The robbers ordered him to turn over the funds of the bank, which he refused to do and they shot him. Mr. Bailey happened to be in the bank and was shot. The robbers then escaped with all the funds of the bank they could lay hands on. They drove out of town, but before noon both robbers were captured. One hid in a barn at De Sota and was smoked out and shot. The posse returned to Adel with the other one.

While in the bank and during their retreat the robbers fired repeatedly at the citizens who were after them. Following are the casualties:

Dead—Orlando P. Wilkins, robber, from Patterson, Madison County, Iowa, aged 30, shot by pursuers.

Injured—S. M. Leach, cashier of the bank, seriously wounded in left shoulder and neck.

C. D. Bailey, merchant, shot in shoulder.

J. M. Byers, prominent citizen, shot in hand and arm.

R. S. Barr, Postmaster, shot in left arm.

J. L. Simpson, citizen, and Cecil Dexter, a boy, slightly wounded.

The robbers, Orlando P. Wilkins and C. W. Crawford, were farmers, living in Patterson.

NEW CHWANG IS CAPTURED.

Japan Takes China's Big Town in Manchuria After Hard Fighting.

A despatch from General Nodzu, of the Japanese forces, dated at Hai-Cheng, China gives this information

"As arranged, the army attacked New Chwang. The fighting began at 10 o'clock in the morning. Both divisions had entered the city by noon. Part of the enemy had fled to Yingkao, but the greater part still occupied the houses and streets and obstinately resisted the Japanese troops.

"The street fighting was desperate, but the Japanese won their way gradually street by street, until by 11 o'clock in the evening they had completely routed the enemy.

"The Chinese left behind 1880 killed and wounded, 600 prisoners, eighteen guns and great quantities of rifles, ammunition, banners and provisions. The Japanese loss was somewhat above 200 killed and wounded."

Spain's Demand on Us.

Captain-General Calleja has demanded the recall of the American Consul-General at Havana, Cuba. At a Cabinet council at Madrid it was agreed to support the demand.

USE OF THE KNOUT ABOLISHED.

An Imperial Russian Decree in Behalf of Convicted Peasants.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says that an imperial decree has been issued abolishing the use of the knout for offenses committed by the peasantry, who have been completely at the mercy of the local judges. Statistics, it is said, were submitted to the Czar, showing that during the last ten years 3000 persons died as the result of being whipped with knouts, and that the greater number of them were only guilty of having stolen produce from farmers.

Fatal Election Riots in Brazil.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro are to the effect that serious election riots have occurred in the State of Pernambuco. Senhor Jose Marie, manager of the journal La Provincia, was killed. The commander of a regiment at San Pablo attempted to foment a rising in favor of ex-President Peixoto, but the plot failed. The Government has issued orders for the arrest of the leaders, and they will be severely punished.

Great Conflagration in Trinidad.

The Spanish Colonial Office has received confirmation of the reports of the conflagration at Port of Spain, Trinidad. It is believed that $4,000,000 is not too high an estimate of the loss.

Cost of a New Pension Law.

The Commissioner of Pensions made the statement that the act recently passed by Congress, providing that all persons on the pension rolls at less than $6 per month shall be raised to that amount, would increase the expenditures of the Government about $1,500,000 a year, and affect about 40,000 cases. He added that it was unnecessary for pensioners of this class to file applications for increase, as the bureau would take prompt action in adjusting their claims.

To Protect American Interests.

Secretary Herbert ordered the United States men-of-war Raleigh and Atlanta to Colombia to protect American interests.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

10 MILK AND CREAM.

During the past week the platform surplus sold at an average of about $1.30 per carrier 40 quarts. The exchange price remains at 2½c. per quart, net to the shipper.

Receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals	1,450,577
Condensed milk, gals	12,480
Cream, gals	26,193

BUTTER.

Creamery—Fresh, extras	$	19½@	20
Firsts		17 @	18½
Thirds to seconds		14 @	16
State—Fancy		18 @	18½
Seconds to firsts		13 @	17
Western Im. Creamery		10 @	15
Western Dairy		9 @	14
Factory, fresh		7½@	10

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, white, fancy		10½@	11
Full cream, good to prime		10 @	10½
State Factory—Part skims, large		3 @	7
Part skims, small		4 @	8½
Full skims		1½@	2½

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh		--- @	23½
Jersey—Fancy		— @	24
Western—Prime to choice		— @	23
Duck eggs—South & West		— @	—
Goose eggs		— @	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1894, choice		— @	2 55
Medium, 1894, choice		— @	1 85
Pea, 1894, choice		— @	1 85
Red kidney, 1894, choice		— @	2 10
White kidney, 1894, choice		2 35 @	2 40
Black turtle soup, 1894		1 85 @	1 90
Lima, Cal., 1894, ₱ 69 lb		2 80 @	2 85
Green peas, bbls		1 05 @	1 05½

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Grape Fruit		— @	—
Oranges, Cal., ₱ box		3 00 @	3 50
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl		10 00 @	14 00
Jersey, ₱ crate		3 50 @	4 00
Apples, greenings, ₱ bbl		3 00 @	4 00
Baldwin		3 00 @	3 00
Common qualities		— @	—
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket		— @	—
Catawba		14 @	22
Concord		— @	—

HOPS.

State—1894, choice, ₱ lb		10 @	11
1894, common to fair		5 @	7
Pacific Coast, choice		10 @	11
Good to prime		8 @	9
Old odds		2 @	3

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb		70 @	75
Clover mixed		50 @	55
Straw—Long rye		40 @	55
Oat		30 @	40

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb		9½@	10
Chickens, ₱ lb		9½@	10
Roosters, old, ₱ lb		— @	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb		9 @	10
Ducks, ₱ pair		60 @	85
Geese, ₱ pair		1 00 @	1 37½
Pigeons, ₱ pair		35 @	45

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb		8 @	12
Chickens, Phila. broilers, ₱ lb		23 @	30
Western		9 @	11
Jersey		— @	—
Fowls, ₱ lb		9 @	10
Ducks, spring, L. I. & East, ₱ lb		10 @	15
Geese, ₱ lb		7 @	10
Squabs, ₱ doz		— @	—

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Rose, ₱ bbl		@	2 50
White kinds, ₱ bbl		2 00 @	2 15
Sweet, ₱ bbl		1 50 @	2 50
Cabbage, ₱ 100		5 00 @	6 00
Onions—Yellow, ₱ bbl		2 00 @	2 50
Red, ₱ bbl		2 00 @	2 75
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl		1 25 @	1 75
Hubbard		— @	—
Turnips, ₱ bbl		75 @	1 00
Kale		75 @	1 00
Celery, ₱ 100 roots		2 00 @	7 00
Parsnips		75 @	1 25
Green peas		— @	—
Spring beans, ₱ crate		— @	—
Spinach		2 50 @	3 00
Carrots		75 @	1 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter Patents		2 90 @	3 40
Spring Patents		3 45 @	3 65
Wheat, No. 2 Red		58 @	59
May		— @	59½
Corn—No. 2		— @	50½
Oats—No. 2 White		37 @	37½
Track, White		37 @	41½
Malt—Western		70 @	77
Barley—Ungraded Western		63 @	66
Seeds—Timothy, ₱ 100		6 10 @	6 60
Clover		8 75 @	9 75
Lard—City steam		— @	6½

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed		7½@	9½
Milch cows, nom. to good		— @	—
Calves, city dressed		7 @	11
Country dressed		6 @	9½
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs		4 00 @	4 75
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs		4 75 @	5 87½
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs		4 40 @	4 70
Dressed		5 @	7

ORANGES FOR FLORIDA.

Heavy Orders From Hotel-Keepers Sent to Southern California.

"This is a literal illustration of sending coals to Newcastle," said Manager Collins, of the San Antonio Fruit Exchange, of Pomona, Cal., referring to the first of a series of carloads of California oranges that have been started for St. Augustine, Fla. The recent freeze in Florida caused a scarcity of oranges there and the hotel-keepers and others, who have thousands of tourists from the North to entertain, must have fruit for their guests. S. H. Knowles, of the Ponce de Leon Hotel, has telegraphed that not a box of decent oranges can be had in Florida, and has ordered the weekly shipment from Pomona Valley to be sent to him until further orders. Similar orders for Southern California oranges from other hotel-keepers and winter-resort managers at Jacksonville, Roland and Lake North have come to Ontario, Riverside and Redlands during the last week. These shipments will continue until about April 15, when the Northerners usually leave for their homes.

AS GREAT AS BESSEMER'S.

A Discovery That May Revolutionize the Iron Industry.

Experts have been at Springfield, Ohio, from all parts of the country for two weeks, examining the discovery of George Harley in revolutionizing the manufacture of iron. Capitalists from Chicago, Detroit and elsewhere are investigating his method of producing malleable iron direct from the mould, like cast iron. The Harley Iron Company already has $1,000,000 capital with furnaces. Harley has been at work for years backed by enthusiastic believers in the plan. If the making of the iron proves as great a success commercially as it has experimentally, the discovery will be the greatest since that of Bessemer.

Specimens of the malleable iron produced by the process were submitted to experts in Chicago without telling them that it has been produced direct from the mould. The iron was pronounced first class.

Decrease in Circulation.

The United States Treasury statement of circulation for February shows a decrease for the month of $39,122,958, reducing the aggregate circulation of all kinds of money to $1,574,534,557, a decrease for the year ending March 1 of $116,000,000. The circulation per capita, based on 69,381,000 of population, has been reduced to $22.69.

Immigration Decreased, Forty Per Cent.

Commissioner Stump has prepared statistics showing that during the past seven months immigration to this country has decreased forty per cent.

Naval Cadets Plucked.

Seventeen cadets at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., have sent their resignations to the Secretary of the Navy, this action being prompted by a notice received by them from the superintendent of the academy stating that they were deficient in their studies at the semi-annual examination.

Trotter Killed by Eating Poison.

A seven hundred dollar trotter, the property of A. F. Huettner, of Hicksville, N. Y., was killed in its stall by eating poison. The stable is infested with rats and quantities of poison had been scattered about in the empty stalls.

Mikado Approves New Treaty.

The Emperor of Japan has formally executed the ratification of the new treaty with the United States, and the document has been forwarded to Washington.

Buried Alive.

Claude Russell and his infant brother were playing in a gravel pit near Ingalls, Ind., when the bank gave way. They were buried, and both are dead.

Good Indians.

Twenty graduates have just received diplomas at the seventh commencement of the Indian School, at Carlisle, Penn.

CONGRESS IS ADJOURNED.

The Closing Scenes of the Fifty-Third Session.

THE ENDING WAS UNEXCITING.

With Befitting Solemnity the Senate Completes Its Work, but the House Dies Amid Merriment and the Interchange of Compliments---All the Appropriation Bills Passed---Monetary Delegates.

After an exciting three days' continuous session the Fifty-third Congress passed out of existence at noon. The usual formalities were observed.

In the Senate, at 9.50, the last of the appropriation bills (the Deficiency) was received with the Speaker's signature to it, and it immediately received the signature of the Vice-President and was returned to the House.

The Vice-President announced his signature of the anti-Lottery bill and the bill amending the copyright law so as to limit the liability of publishers.

At 10.25 a resolution was offerred by Mr. Voorhees for the appointment of a committee of two Senators to join a like committee on the part of the House to wait upon the President and inform him that the two Houses, having completed the business of the present session, were ready to adjourn unless the President had some other communication to make to them.

The resolution was agreed to, and Senators Voorhees and Sherman were appointed such committee.

At a few minutes before 12 the committee appointed to wait on the President reported that they had performed their mission, and that the President "congratulated Congress at the conclusion of its labors." At this announcement Senators and an immense audience in the galleries indulged in a loud laughter and applause.

Then, at noon, the Vice-President made his parting speech, in which he said that the magnitude of the questions determined by the Senate and the ability with which those questions had been discussed had been surpassed in only few preceding Congresses; and that this hour marked the close of long and honorable terms of service of Senators who would be borne in grateful remembrance by their associates who remained.

He expressed his thanks to the officers of the Senate for the fidelity with which they had discharged their important duties, and to Senators for their assistance and courtesy to the presiding officer, and said that the great debates and important legislation of the Fifty-third Congress now passed into the domain of history.

He then let the gavel fall and declared the Senate adjourned without day.

THE HOUSE ADJOURNS.

Its Closing Scenes Were Devoid of Any Sensational Features.

In the House, the closing scenes were devoid of any sensational features. When the House reassembled at 11 o'clock a Senate clerk announced the appointment of the Monetary Conference members on the part of the Senate and also the resolution providing for adjournment. The resolution was agreed to.

Speaker Crisp announced Messrs. Catchings, Outwaite and Reed as a committee to inform the President that the House was ready to adjourn, and also Messrs. Rusk, Meredith and Coffin, as the Committee on Accounts to serve during the recess. He also announced the following committee to participate in the dedication of Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military parks: Messrs. Hatch, Culberson, Reed, Sayers, Talbott, Sickles, Wilson, Mallory, Boutelle, Alexander, Henderson, Hooker, Tarsney, Henderson, Bingham, Draper, Kiefer, Harrison, English, Marshall, Van Voorhis and Lapham.

Mr. Catchings, with Mr. Outhwaite and Mr. Reed, appeared in the main aisle at this point and reported that they had seen the President, who directed the committee to inform the House that he had no further communications to make.

Speaker Crisp resigned the chair to Mr. Hatch, who recognized Mr. Cannon. Mr. Cannon made a neat speech, complimenting Speaker Crisp on his fairness and courtesy.

Replying for the Democratic majority and for Mr. Crisp, Mr. Wilson said that the majority was duly sensitive of the honorable and courteous action of the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, spoke for the Populists, expressing their appreciation of Mr. Crisp's fairness and kindliness.

Replying to these, Mr. Crisp made an eloquent speech. He expressed his feelings not only regarding the resolutions, but in respect to the courtesy and consideration with which he had been treated. The Speaker, on concluding, announced the appointment of Messrs. Culberson, Hitt and himself (under the resolution adopted the night before) as members of the Monetary Commission.

The hands of the clock then pointed to twelve. "I now declare the third session of the Fifty-third Congress," said the Speaker, "adjourned without day."

Amid cheers and cat-calls from the galleries, a rush was made for the doors. The newspaper correspondents sang the doxology, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." The spectators paused to listen and applaud.

THE APPROPRIATIONS.

A Total Outlay of $498,952,524 Provided for by Congress.

The following figures show approximately the total appropriations made during the last session of the Fifty-third Congress:

Agriculture	$3,303,709
Army	23,252,903
Diplomatic and consular	1,575,073
District of Columbia	5,916,533
Fortifications	1,904,557
Indian	8,736,948
Military Academy	424,261
Pension	141,851,570
Postoffice	89,545,997
General deficiency	8,600,000
Sundry civil	47,140,000
Urgent deficiency bills passed early in the session	2,357,321
Legislative, executive and judicial	21,900,000
Naval	29,100,000
Permanent annual	113,079,956
Miscellaneous	500,000
Total	$498,952,524

Seven Day Adventists for Africa.

One hundred missionaries were given credentials and fifty persons were licensed to preach at the session of the general conference of the Seven Day Adventists, at Battle Creek, Mich. The missionaries will go to South Africa.

THE AEROLITE MADE THEM DODGE.

It Exploded With Terrific Force Over Reno Nev., Shaking Buildings.

At 5 a. m. an immense aerolite shot out of the northern heavens and seemingly passed over Reno, Nev. It exploded with terrific force, shaking the buildings and awakening the people. Those who saw it describe it as a magnificent sight, lighting up the heavens and earth in all directions. It was accompanied by a rushing, whirring noise, like that of a tornado. People on the streets involuntarily dodged. The explosion was not heard for about two minutes after it had disappeared.

Zinc Production.

An official statement of the United States geological survey shows that during the calendar year 1894 the total product of zinc (spelter) was 75,328 short tons, a decrease of 3504 tons from the previous year, due to industrial depression. Kansas shows an increase of 2778 tons, while all other States show decreases.

German Exports Increase.

German exports to the United States continue to increase. From January 1 up to February 20 the exports from Berlin alone nearly doubled those of the similar period of 1894.

DIAMOND DISCOVERIES IN ALASKA.

A Rush of Gem Hunters Has Set In for the Locality.

Diamonds of splendid brilliancy have been found in the lava beds on the sides of Mount Edgecombe, near Sitka, Alaska. Two months ago a prospector brought some lava ashes to Sitka, which was afterwards sent to a San Francisco expert, who returned word that an investigation should be made at the earliest opportunity, as the presence of diamonds was indicated. Since then bright stones have been brought in from Mount Edgecombe which Alaska papers announce to be diamonds, and a rush of hunters has set in for the locality.

Why She Never Married.

When a man tempts fate by reminding a spinster of her condition, his punishment is generally swift and sure. In a county of Ireland where the Quakers are numerous the entire body on one occasion gathered together for one of their quarterly meetings.

After the exercises of the morning a public luncheon was held, at which all the Friends attended. The conversation turned to matrimony.

"Bridget," said an unmannerly youthful member of the society, speaking across the crowded table to a prim, elderly maiden lady, "wilt thou tell me why thou hast never married?"

"Certainly, friend William," responded the ready Bridget, in a voice audible over the room. "'Tis because I am not so easy pleased as thy wife was."—Tit-Bits.

The Meaning of a Word.

The word "advertising" means to turn to. It is a turning or convincing process. It is mental muscle in black and white.

The official returns of the production of sugar in Queensland for the year 1894 show that the output exceeded that of 1893 by ten thousand tons.

WE GIVE AWAY

A Sample Package (4 to 7 doses) of

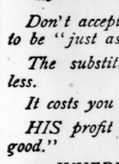
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets

To any one sending name and address to us on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

Hence, our object in sending them out broadcast

ON TRIAL.



They absolutely *cure*

SICK HEADACHE,

Biliousness, Constipation, Coated Tongue, Poor Appetite, Dyspepsia and kindred derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Don't accept some substitute said to be "just as good."

The substitute costs the dealer less.

It costs you ABOUT the same.

HIS profit is in the "just as good."

WHERE IS YOURS?

Address for FREE SAMPLE,

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

No. 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Close Bargain.

A man, notorious for his "nearness," lately went into a butcher's and inquired the price of a soup bone. The proprietor of the shop is a generous fellow, and in answer to the old man's question he said, "Oh, I'll give you that."

The customer put his hand to his ear. He is somewhat hard of hearing, and had missed the other's reply.

"Can't you take something off that?" he asked.

The butcher took pity on him.

"Yes," he said, "call it twopence."

And the old man went home with a comfortable sense of having made a good bargain.—Tit-Bits.

For Tripping Tongues.

The popularity of Peter Piper's celebrated peck of pickled peppers will probably never wane as a snare to catch the tongue that would fain be agile; but the test has formidable rivals. The following short sentences, as their authors maintain, do wonders in baffling the ordinary powers of speech: "Gaze on the gay gray brigade." "The sea ceaseth, and it sufficeth us." "Say, should such a shapely sash shabby stitches show?" "Strange str